

AMUSEMENTS—

With Dates of Events.

LOS ANGELES THEATER.
C. M. O'D. Lessee. H. C. WYATT, Manager.
ONE WEEK BEGINNING MONDAY, DEC. 7.
SIDNEY R. ELLIS'S GRAND PRODUCTION "DARKEST RUSSIA."
A DRAMA OF RUSSIAN HUMAN INTEREST.
Seats on sale Thursday, Dec. 3. Prices \$1.00, 75c, 50c, 25c.
ORPHEUM. THE GREAT SENSATION. THE ORPHEUM.
LOS ANGELES. THE ORPHEUM.
Matinee Today. Children 10c to any part of house; Adults 25c any seat; Gallery 10c.
Don't fail to bring the little folks to see the FUNNY DOG ORCHESTRA. Positively for One Week Only.
Performance every evening including Sunday. Evening prices 10c, 25c and 50c.
OSTRICH FARM, SOUTH PASADENA—OPEN DAILY.
60 GIGANTIC BIRDS, ALL AGES—The most interesting sight in California. Roas, Capes, Collars and Tips manufactured from California feathers (the finest in the world) at producer's prices. Pasadena Electric Cars pass the gates.

MISCELLANEOUS—

CARBONS. ARRANGE NOW FOR HOLIDAY PHOTOGRAPHS.
Two Gold Medals. World's Fair, 1893. All orders filled. 220 South Spring Street, opposite Convention of Photographers.
JAPANESE NURSERY AND FLORIST.
Cor. Main and Jefferson sts. New Chrysanthemums, Carnations, Violets, Rose-bushes and all kinds of Plants and Cut Flowers at wholesale and retail prices. Grown by S. Yendo & Co., Los Angeles and Santa Monica. Special new Japanese Morning Glory seeds.

PHOTOGRAPHS FOR THE HOLIDAYS.
Highest awards World's Fair, '93. First-Prize Gold Medal above all others Midwinter Fair, S. F., '94, and wherever work was exhibited in State.
UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA. Short addresses will be made by President Martin Kellogg, Prof. Brown, Bernard, Moore, Stringham and Jones, of the University faculty, and by the Hon. R. H. F. Varley of Los Angeles, to the citizens of Los Angeles on the occasion of the State University, at New Turnover Hall, S. Main st., on Wednesday evening, Dec. 3, 1896, at 7:30 o'clock. The public is cordially invited.

FREE EXHIBITION—
Chinese and Japanese Curios. At Wing Hing Wo's, 228 S. Spring St., New and interesting importations just in from the Orient. Open every day. Everybody invited.
FOR THE HOLIDAYS—
PHOTOGRAPHIC PORTRAITS Made on Art Principles. Careful studies in Rembrandt's manner or delicate effects, according to requirement of face. See our life-size work in Photography Effects—made nowhere else in the city.
J. A. LORENZ, 317 N. Main St., opp. Farmers & Merchants Bank.

GOLD OR SILVER.
If you have any for sale take it everywhere for a price, but finally bring it to WM. T. SMITH & CO., Gold Refiners, 128 N. Main St., who GUARANTEE to pay a higher cash price than any one in this city.

INGLESIDE FLORAL COMPANY. 140 South Spring Street. Growers. Ingleside Carnations.—F. Edward Gray.
REDONDO CARNATIONS. AND CHOICE ROSES: CUT FLOWERS and Floral designs. B. F. COLLINS, 228 S. Broadway, same side City Hall. Tel. 119. Flowers packed for shipment.
BLANCHARD-FITZGERALD MUSIC CO.

The Morning's News in The Times
IN BRIEF.

The City—Pages 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10.
A diamond swindler... Closing meeting of the Better Government League... A Chinaman's tribulations... Lindley's man Knapp... The Whittier case on trial... Report of the Plumbing Inspector... Bartholomew's election contest... Supervisors' Convention... Walters strike in a restaurant... Bedwell found guilty of forgery... Annual sale at St. John's Church.

Southern California—Page 11.
Santa Barbara's new tower clock... San Bernardino sees the air ship... Narrow escape from death at Pasadena... San Diego's big dam declared defective... An Orange county woman gored by a bull.

By Cable—Pages 1, 2, 6.
Forty firms burned out in Forster Square, Bradford, Eng... Gross and Werner sentenced to fifteen years' imprisonment for the murder of Maj. Levy... Distribution of strike funds at Hamburg... Debate on the German naval estimates... The French Chamber of Deputies favors a commission to study means to increase the French mercantile marine.

At Large—Pages 1, 2, 3.
Dispatches also were received from Denver, Dallas, Tex.; Evansville, Ind.; New York, Washington, Toledo, San Francisco, St. Paul, St. Louis, Chicago, Berlin, Paris, London, Cleveland and other places.

Financial and Commercial—Page 10.
Drafts and silver... Boston stock market... Liverpool influence rules the Chicago grain market—Big day for deliveries... London stock markets inanimate... Available supplies of grain... New York shares and money... Coast prices.

BALMACEDA BURIED.
He Had Been Interred Before, But This Is Final.
(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)
NEW YORK, Dec. 1.—A dispatch to the Herald from Valparaiso, Chile, says the body of the late President Balmaceda was buried in the cemetery at Santiago yesterday. Great pomp attended the service at the tomb. More remarkable still was the popular observance of the burial. More than ten thousand persons attended the body from the obscure place in which it had been interred in 1891 to the splendid mausoleum prepared by the family in the cemetery. Many Senators and Deputies attended the funeral, and all the prominent members of the Balmaceda party were present. Senator Sotomayor and others paid their respects to the family.

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MONEY TALKS.

Preliminary Conference at Indianapolis.
Sixteen Cities are Represented at the Meeting.

National Convention is Called for Next Month.

Colorado's State Board of Canners Completes Its Count on Electors—Senator Hale Thinks the Dingley Bill Will Come Up Early.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)
INDIANAPOLIS (Ind.) Dec. 1.—Fifty-two men, representing the boards of trade and commercial bodies of sixteen cities of the Central West, met this afternoon in the Century Club rooms at the Denison House, and issued a call for a national convention of the commercial bodies of the country to meet in this city January 5, 1897, for the purpose of taking action toward securing from Congress a remedy for the ills attending the present currency and banking systems. The meeting was non-partisan in its character.

The following organizations were represented: Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce, Chicago Board of Trade, Cleveland Chamber of Commerce, Columbus Board of Trade, Detroit Board of Trade, Des Moines Commercial Exchange, Grand Rapids Board of Trade, Indianapolis Board of Trade, Indianapolis Commercial Club, Milwaukee Chamber of Commerce, Minneapolis Board of Trade, Omaha Board of Trade, Peoria Board of Trade.

It was 2:10 o'clock when the roll-call was ordered and J. C. Adams of this city, president of the Board of Trade, took the chair.

President Adams said, in part: "The Indianapolis Board of Trade, in common with the business interests of this country, believe that the result of the recent election was an earnest protest against the debasement of our monetary system, as well as a positive declaration in favor of a sound, stable currency, and the possibility of a weak and fluctuating currency, in furtherance of these views, this board issued a call to the boards of trade and commercial bodies of the country to meet in Central West, inviting them to send delegates to a preliminary conference, which convenes today."

"This conference will consider the advisability of issuing a more extended call for a larger convention of these commercial bodies of the principal cities to discuss the question of currency to be done to cure the radical defects in our money system, and for the best interests of all, to create a non-partisan commission composed of able, experienced and fair-minded business men, who will remove existing weaknesses in our present currency system, and prevent the possibility of frequent monetary disturbances."

Permit me to say, gentlemen, that behind this call, ladies and gentlemen, have convened today, there is a plan, scheme or policy by which it is proposed to alter or change our present system on any particular plan or on a special issue.

"Within the last thirty days the people of this country have shown that they are unprepared to receive a cheap and fluctuating dollar of uncertain value. We must not take this overwhelming expression of the people as a final and complete rejection of the issues involved, nor as an unqualified acceptance of our present monetary system, but rather as a protest against a step backward. Beyond the lines of returns of the recent election there is shown a pronounced public sentiment in favor of currency reform, with an evident purpose to place in a position of stringency and public opinion brought to the counter for redemption and when so redeemed, are reissued, the government reserve, and a continual threat to the trade and business of the country, causing disturbance and unsettled values of every character."

"The cause of our trouble is not difficult to locate. To determine the best course to pursue and apply remedial legislation that will provide the great nation with sound, uniform and elastic currency, whether it be gold, silver or paper money, is the paramount question which we are about to consider."

"Politicians are proverbially timid, even to the verge of cowardice, but when sentiment is crystallized and given definite shape by the commercial bodies and business men of the nation, it becomes a moral force and recognized power which our law-makers will not ignore or refuse to take. The fate of the country is centered on this gathering, and well it may be, for no movement of recent years has embodied so much thought, earnestness of purpose and exalted aim, or has given promise to such fruitful results as the action you are about to take."

A permanent organization was effected by the election of ex-Gov. Stannard of Missouri as chairman and Secretary Smith of the Indianapolis Board of Trade as secretary. W. H. E. Miller, ex-Attorney-General of the United States, was then introduced and spoke of the country's condition.

J. R. Wilson of this city, who is secretary of the National Democratic party, was then introduced and made the principal address of the day. It was an able paper and was warmly applauded.

Mr. Wilson outlined the origin of the movement, described the need of currency reform and why the commercial classes should take the lead, stated why the movement was in the right direction, and then, coming to the relief of Congress, which would come such aid, said: "We believe Congress will welcome all intelligent aid in dealing with the reform of the currency. It is unfortunate but true that our national Congress each year exhibits an increasing inability to legislate efficiently concerning such matters. This is not due so much to the want of talent in its membership, but rather to the enormous and constantly increasing volume of business, the prevalence of party spirit and domination of party methods, which in legislation, consume time in maneuvering to obtain advantage in the new campaign, together with the prevailing mode of committee action under a set of rules which no one seems able to reform."

In conclusion, Mr. Wilson outlined the opposition the commission would meet, and suggested what would be the character and composition of the commission.

Smalley of St. Paul then introduced a resolution calling a conference of representative commercial bodies in all cities of over 25,000 inhabitants to meet in Indianapolis.

This brought forth considerable discussion, representing the opinion of the chair finally appointed a committee of five to prepare a proposition. The committee reported the following: "Resolved, That it is the sense of this conference that a general convention of the representatives of the commercial bodies of the country should be held in Indianapolis, for the purpose of suggesting such legislation as may in their judgment be necessary to place the currency system of the country upon a sound and permanent basis."

"Resolved, That an Executive Committee, consisting of one member from each of the commercial bodies represented in this conference, shall be appointed by the chair, which shall take charge of the details of the convention, and shall have the right to call for a convention of the representatives of the commercial bodies of the country, and to send out a convention hall and in the premises doing whatever may be necessary in furtherance of the purpose of the conference, and to give effect to the previous resolutions."

Resolved, that the convention shall be held in Indianapolis January 5, 1897.

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TOO EARNEST.

How Ramon Williams Provoked Spain.
The ex-Consul-General Defended His Countrymen.

Instances in Which Americans Were Murdered.

Progress of Weyler's Army Marked by Rape, Plunder and Murder. Over a Hundred Persons Slain by Guerrillas—Women Burned.

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The particular episode in which Mr. Williams incurred the dislike of Spain, he says, was his insistence that Sanguilly, Aguirre and Carillo, who were arrested February 14, 1894, as insurgents and court-martialed, should be tried in the civil courts under article 7 of the treaty of 1795. Mr. Williams said:

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"Again, while I was there, Zecane, an Italian-American citizen, who was shot, and all the Spaniards who were shot, regardless of the treaty of 1795. I was a merchant in Havana at the time the Virginius was shot in 1873, an almost similar case."

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Ona Melton has just had an attack of yellow fever and is very weak. It is feared that he will die unless speedily released.

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People vainly implore Weyler to leave them provisions to keep them alive, but his brutal officers refuse with oaths and insulting words, if not worse. Over three hundred refugees have come into Mariel since Weyler went out this last time all giving the same story of rape, plunder and murder by Spaniards.

A Spanish guerrilla captain named

Coloso is accused of murdering over one hundred persons in the valleys south of Mariel during the latter part of November. In one instance he is accused of confining a number of women and girls in church, and after they had been repeatedly abused and maltreated by his men, he burned the building with them in it.

Many other outrages all as horrible, are charged to him and his companions.

THE SECOND PORTION.
MADRID, Dec. 1.—The subscriptions for the second portion of the internal loan exceed 343,000,000 pesetas.

HAVANA NOTES.
HAVANA, Dec. 1.—The coasting steamer Triton has arrived here, having on board 400 sick soldiers from Pinar del Rio.

Capt. Gen. Weyler, after leaving San Cristobal on Saturday, reviewed the troops in that vicinity, and moved with his columns toward the burned town of Santa Cruz de los Pinos, arriving the same night at Taco Taco, and on Sunday went by the highway toward San Diego. He arrived at the old picturesque town of Pailones, where he camped on Monday, without firing a shot the whole way from San Cristobal.

The government will publish in the official gazette tomorrow a decree recalling the gold bank bills from circulation, and providing for the issue of silver coins in accordance with the scheme of conversion already published.

TESLA IS SKEPTICAL.
ROENTGEN RAYS DO NOT GIVE SIGHT TO THE BLIND.

Experiments Have Convinced Him That Whatever Impression Is Made Upon the Retina Is Due to Ordinary Light.

(BY THE TIMES SPECIAL WIRE.)
NEW YORK, Dec. 1.—(Special Dispatch) The Electrical Review will publish tomorrow an exhaustive communication from Nikola Tesla on his latest experiment with X rays. Tesla states that the sunburn effects noted by many experimenters are not due directly to the rays, but to the ozone generated by the rays in contact with the skin. In referring to the recent experiment for making the blind see by means of the Roentgen rays, he remarks: "Is it not cruel to raise such hopes when there is so little ground for them? For, first of all, the rays are not demonstrated to be transverse vibrations. If they were, we would have to find means for refracting them to make possible the projection of a sufficiently small image upon the retina. As it is, only the shadow of a very small object can be projected."

"What possible good can result from the application of these rays to such purposes? I cannot confirm some of the experiments reported. For instance, when a hand is put before the closed eyes it is easy to distinguish a shadow, much the same as before the light of a candle, but when the tube is inclined and the light from the tube excluded, I fail to get such impression. The latter is, therefore, chiefly due to ordinary light."

HE HAS VOTES.

Senator Perkins Is Sure of Re-election.
Leaves His Interests in the Hands of His Friends.

Cator Not Likely to Cut Much of a Figure.

Mark Hanna Confers With McKinley. Possible Cabinet Members—Committee on Appropriations at Work.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)
SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 1.—United States Senator George C. Perkins left for Washington this evening in order to be present at the opening of Congress next Monday. He will not return until the final adjournment of the Senate, and will probably not be present at the State Legislature when the election of a United States Senator will be in the hands of his friends, and at present there seems little doubt that he will be re-elected. He has more than enough votes pledged to elect him, and the absence of a formidable opponent the race promises to be a walk-over.

Samuel Shortridge has three votes pledged and his name will be presented, but he is unlikely to gather strength. Thomas V. Cator, the Populist candidate, would have been a prominent candidate if the election ticket had been successful. As it is, he is not likely to receive the full Democratic vote, although the Populists will support him.

LODGE NOT AN APPLICANT.
WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—Senator Lodge of Massachusetts returned to the city today from Canton, where he visited President-elect McKinley. In an interview he said concerning reports that he was interested in any place for himself under the administration: "There is no place in the gift of the president that would tempt me to give up the position of Senator from Massachusetts. The very fact that I went to Canton would indicate, it seems to me, that I had no application on file. As a matter of fact I would not permit anyone to say anything for me. There is no place I desire other than the one I now occupy."

HANNA AND MCKINLEY CONFERENCE.
CLEVELAND (O.) Dec. 1.—Hon. M. McKinley and Mr. Hanna conferred this morning and returned this evening. The day was quietly spent by Maj. McKinley and Mr. Hanna in conference, the last that will have before Mr. Hanna goes to take up his work in Washington, preparatory to the inauguration. The approaching departure of Chairman Hanna for Washington has renewed the question concerning the Cabinet appointments of President-elect McKinley. It is confidently believed that when he goes to Washington he will call on Mr. Sherman for the position of Secretary of State to Senator Sherman.

With respect to the possibility of Senator Sherman accepting the place of Col. Allan T. Brinsmade, who is a warm friend of Sherman, said today that the Senator was willing to bow to the will of the President-elect. If Mr. McKinley desired him to remain in the Senate he would do so, but if he wished otherwise he would acquiesce without a word.

Today's gossip connected the name of a California man with a Cabinet position. Judge Waymire of San Francisco was reported to have been named by the President-elect. The name of the President-elect was not mentioned in the report.

REBELS UNITE.
Carrasco and the Saravia Brothers Command the Forces.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)
NEW YORK, Dec. 1.—The Herald's correspondent in Montevideo, Uruguay, telegraphs that the revolutionary forces have formed a union at El Estero del Cordobas. The leaders are Gen. Carrasco and the brothers Saravia. The wounded in the recent battle are being moved forward from Durango and Cerro Largo toward the Rio Negro.

It is believed that the revolutionaries are being attacked by the Federal troops when they attempt a passage.

The Governor of Rio Grande do Sul, Brazil, declares that the revolutionary movement was begun with a view of overthrowing his administration. He is believed to have been attacked by the Federal troops when they attempt a passage.

SMOKED IN PUBLIC.
Wabash Avenue Sensation in Which a Young Woman Figured.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)
CHICAGO, Dec. 1.—John Ward, a well-dressed young woman, created a sensation by walking along Wabash avenue smoking. People turned and stared at the woman, but she paid no attention and continued to send blue clouds of smoke heavenward until she reached the Commercial Tribune building. She was placed under arrest and locked up at the Harrison street station, charged with disorderly conduct, and when her case was called for trial in Justice Richardson's court yesterday she failed to appear.

"This is something terrible," said the court, after hearing the evidence, "and as a warning, I will fine this woman \$1 for smoking. It's terrible."

EARTHQUAKE AT CAIRO, III.
CAIRO (Ill.) Dec. 1.—An earthquake shock was felt here at 1:20 o'clock this afternoon. It was of sufficient force to rattle dishes and glasses, and when buildings swayed perceptibly. The movement was from west to east.

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CINCINNATI (O.) Dec. 1.—A special to the Commercial Tribune from Key West, Fla., says that Weyler's threat that he would starve Macao out seems likely to be carried out, as from all reports from Mariel, where Weyler is now, the work of destruction is being carried out fully. The Spanish army sweeps everything before it, killing bees and small stores with their provisions and leaving a wide waste of ruin and desolation in its wake.

People vainly implore Weyler to leave them provisions to keep them alive, but his brutal officers refuse with oaths and insulting words, if not worse. Over three hundred refugees have come into Mariel since Weyler went out this last time all giving the same story of rape, plunder and murder by Spaniards.

A Spanish guerrilla captain named

Coloso is accused of murdering over one hundred persons in the valleys south of Mariel during the latter part of November. In one instance he is accused of confining a number of women and girls in church, and after they had been repeatedly abused and maltreated by his men, he burned the building with them in it.

Many other outrages all as horrible, are charged to him and his companions.

THE SECOND PORTION.
MADRID, Dec. 1.—The subscriptions for the second portion of the internal loan exceed 343,000,000 pesetas.

HAVANA NOTES.
HAVANA, Dec. 1.—The coasting steamer Triton has arrived here, having on board 400 sick soldiers from Pinar del Rio.

Capt. Gen. Weyler, after leaving San Cristobal on Saturday, reviewed the troops in that vicinity, and moved with his columns toward the burned town of Santa Cruz de los Pinos, arriving the same night at Taco Taco, and on Sunday went by the highway toward San Diego. He arrived at the old picturesque town of Pailones, where he camped on Monday, without firing a shot the whole way from San Cristobal.

The government will publish in the official gazette tomorrow a decree recalling the gold bank bills from circulation, and providing for the issue of silver coins in accordance with the scheme of conversion already published.

LINERS.

EDUCATIONAL.

Schools, Colleges, Private Tuition.
THE LOS ANGELES BUSINESS COLLEGE. 212 W. Third st. offers an excellent course of instruction in bookkeeping, stenography, shorthand, penmanship, and all the latest methods of teaching. Full course of instruction in all the above branches. Tuition free. Catalogue on application.

MISS MARSH'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS and young ladies, 130 and 132 S. Hope st., oldest incorporated school in the city; able corps of teachers; specialists in every department. Kindergarten under the charge of Miss Ada Bixby. Carriage service free. Connecting primary class also opened.

FROEDER INSTITUTE, CASA DE ROSAS. Adams st., cor. Hoover. Fall term begins September 22. All grades taught, from kindergarten to college. Specialties in penmanship, shorthand, and stenography.

ST. HILDA'S HALL-SCHOOL FOR GIRLS. Incorporated. Los Angeles. Tenth year. R. Rev. J. H. Johnson, D.D., Special Visitor. Principal now R. 191 Grand ave.

GIRLS' COLLEGIATE SCHOOL, 1918-23 24 S. Grand ave. Home and day school; college work to kindergarten; attractive buildings; open-air gymnasium; carriage service.

BOYNTON NORMAL FOR TEACHERS only; students enter fall class now; winter term begins Jan. 11. Positions secured; teachers supplied. 225 STIMSON BLOCK.

MISS WINSTON, MISS O'DONOGHUE, VO- cal and piano studio. Room 70, Bryson Bldg.

WOODBURY BUSINESS COLLEGE, 235 S. Spring st. Write for catalogue.

ETON SCHOOL FOR BOYS, 126 W. PICO st. HORACE A. BROWN, L.L.B.

LOST, STRAYED.
LOST-STRAYED OR STOLEN. FROM THE Green Meadows ranch, on Figueroa street, south of Los Angeles, one black mare, white speckle across the back, Roman nose, 7 years old, 17 hands high, weight about 1000 pounds, and one dark gray horse about 18 hands high, weight about 1200 pounds, years old, pike-neck, ankle and legged and a little lame behind. Call at 542 S. SPRING st., or on the ranch.

LOST-PARTY WHO TOOK OVERCOAT from gallery First Methodist Church Sunday evening will please return to the gallery, 102 E. BALTIMORE. No questions asked.

FOUND-DEC. 1, ON SPRING ST., LADIES' pocketbook, containing money. Owner may be seen at L. W. GOLDEN'S SHOE STORE, 104 N. Spring st.

LOST-A DIAMOND SHIRT STUD, FINDER will be rewarded by the owner. Call at 222 E. SECOND ST., SPRING ST.

LOST-ON WASHINGTON OR FREE- man, a light-colored overcoat. Leave at Times office. DR. CLARK.

FOUND-POCKETBOOK SUNDAY EVEN- ing. Owner can have same by calling at 222 E. SECOND ST., SPRING ST.

STOLEN-BLACK HORSE, STAR ON FORE- head; lame in front. BOWLES BROS., 222 E. Fourth st.

STRAYED-DARK BAY MARE, 6 YEARS old. Reward if returned to 1213 S. ORANGE ST.

MINING AND ASSAYING.
JOHNSON & RITCHIE, ASSAYERS and millwrights, experts in all kinds of mining and mill work. Located at 1213 S. MAIN ST.

W. M. T. SMITH & CO., GOLD AND SILVER refiners and assayers; the largest and most complete establishment in the city. Located at 1213 S. MAIN ST.

ASSAYERS AND GOLD AND SILVER refiners, mining experts and promoters. United States mint prices paid for gold and silver in any form. LORBERMAN & CALKINS, 127 W. First st.

MORGAN & CO., ASSAYERS AND REFIN- ers and on test; bullion purchased; consulting metallurgists; mines examined and dealt in. Office 261 Wilson Bldg., L. A., Cal.

THE BIRMINGHAM ASSAY OFFICE and Chemical Laboratory. R. A. PEREZ, manager.

F. D. LANTIERMAN, DEPUTY U. S. MIN- eral Surveyor; mines surveyed and examined for patents. Room 2, PHILLIPS BLDG., 1213 S. MAIN ST.

SCHOOL OF ASSAYING-ASSAYS and analyses of ores, waters and industrial products. WADE & WADE, 1124 S. Main.

LIVE STOCK FOR SALE.
And Pastures to Let.
FOR SALE-30 HEAD OF HORSES. Any kind you wish at Citizens' Stock Yard on Aliso street, opp. tractor factory; we guarantee what we sell. V. V. COCHRAN, proprietor.

FOR SALE-SPECIAL SALE, \$12; SINGLE harness, No. 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100. BROADWAY HARNESS COMPANY, 222 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE-2 GOOD COWS CHEAP. AT S.W. corner of JEFFERSON ST. and WESTERN AVE., opp. Vienna Park.

FOR SALE-ALLEN & DEZELL HAVE FOR sale any kind of horses and mules you want at 404 RAMIREZ ST.

FOR SALE-\$100; FINE 6-YEAR-OLD LA- dies' horse, or will rent \$5 per month. P. O. BOX 670.

FOR SALE-FINE STALLION CHEAP FOR cash, or trade. See NEWLYN, 229 Byrne Bldg.

FOR SALE-HEIFER, FRESH IN ABOUT 1 month. 1130 W. 31st. near Hoover.

FOR SALE-FINE STANDARD-BRED FAM- ily mare, 229 W. 31st. near Hoover.

FOR SALE-HORSES, COWS AND HAY. D. FREEMAN, 565 S. Spring st.

BATHS.
Vapor, Electrical and Massage.
HYGIENIC INSTITUTE-DR. AND MRS. GOSSMAN, 1114 Broadway, rooms 5 and 6. Tel. 1114 black. The only hygienic and water-cure establishment in the city; also massage treatments and steam baths at 70c.

MRS. M. E. STAMMER, 131 N. SPRING ST., rooms 103-104. Scientific massage; electric and vapor baths; references: Dr. Geo. Lash-ley, Dr. E. R. Smith, Dr. Joseph Kirt.

MISS C. STAFFER, 21 W. FIRST ST.-CHI- ropody, massage, electricity and baths.

MRS. L. SCHMIDT EDDY, 1214 S. BROAD- way. Massage, electric and vapor baths.

PHYSICIANS.
DR. REBECCA LEE DORSEY, ROOMS 121- 123 S. Spring st. Special attention given to obstetrical cases and all diseases of men and children. Consultation hours, 1 to 5 p.m. Tel. 1227.

PRIVATE HOME FOR LADIES-FEMALE diseases a specialty. DR. NEWLAND, 1315 W. Seventh. Hours, 8 to 10, 1 to 3.

DR. MINNIE WELLS-14 YEARS' SUCCESS- ful practice in L. A., 741 1/2 Main. Hrs 10 to 4.

DR. DORA KING, LADIES' SPECIALIST. Diseases treated successfully. 313 W. 7th.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA FURNITURE CO.
 326-328-330 SOUTH MAIN ST.

BIBLE HOUSE.
"TITUS," \$1000 Prize Story. 5c
"WRESTLES OF PHILIPPI," a com- panion to "TITUS." 5c
POWELL & COLWELL,
 115 W. Second st., bet. Main & Spring.

SILVERWARE.
 Special advance Holiday Sale.
THE HAVILAND, South Broadway.

HURD'S FINE WRITING PAPERS. Latest tints, latest shapes, and at the least price.

The Webb-Edwards-Peckham Co.
 Engravers and Stationers,
 123 SOUTH SPRING ST.

WHERE THANKSGIVING BEGAN.

The Pilgrim Fathers Brought It from Leyden, Holland.

(Philadelphia Inquirer.) Although the celebration of Thanksgiving in America began with the Pilgrim fathers in New England, the idea was taken from the Dutch, for such a day was established in Leyden, Holland, October 3, 1578, the first anniversary of the delivery of that city from a long and arduous siege. In 1608 the Pilgrim or Puritan church, exiled from England, went to Holland and remained there till 1620, when it sailed for the Mayflower colony to New England. During their stay in the land of dykes and Dutchmen the exiled English dissenters imbibed Dutch ideas and embraced many customs of Holland, the Thanksgiving feast among the number. Gov. Bradford was the first to issue the proclamation on this side of the water, and his successors followed his example whenever circumstances justified the procedure. The feast in our primitive days was rather a solemn affair, however, and consisted of prayers and hymns of thanksgiving, long drawn out by the elders, "to the intense discomfort of their children, who manifested worldliness and ungodliness in their eager desire to have their stomachs rather than spiritual comforts, as a New England historian puts it.

The prayer book of the Episcopal church recommends for Thanksgiving day the first Thursday in November, but the feast thus set apart was a dead letter as far as ecclesiastical celebration of the day was concerned. The Congregational church alone, the worshiping place of the descendants of the Puritans, made Thanksgiving a great holiday, eclipsing even Christmas day among these sturdy children of the Pilgrim fathers.

Curious Church.

(Philadelphia Press.) A curiosity in churches is a Philadelphia suburban church (colored), which has a white Episcopal priest in charge. It has eight benches, seating three persons each, and every requisite to the service. A megalomaniac about three feet high furnishes the music. No bell hangs in the steeple, but a negro boy about 12 years old beats a triangle in front of the church just before service. He is also sexton and receives \$1 per month as salary. The church was formerly an election booth, is built of sheet iron, painted green and has a sign on the front which reads "Chapel of Saint Faith." It has a small but enthusiastic membership.

Lucky Woman.

(Cincinnati Enquirer.) "I do so envy Miss Jasmyn," said the hostess, "that she has a high key of voice acquired by one who battles daily with the shrieking of the breeze from Lake Michigan. Mary does seem rather lucky in her marriage," asserted the visitor.

"Yes, this is her sixth. But the remarkable thing is that she has kept the same hired girl through all of them."

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Dr. J. C. Fletcher

It is a photographic copy of a motion picture in type a few days ago. The date of the motion was given, and somebody, guided by the date, hunted up the paper and attempted to amend Snyder's spelling by scratching the "k" from the word "Publick."

The scratching is shown in the fac-simile, and the fact that no attempt was made to amend any other misspelled words justifies the suspicion that the phonetic statesman himself did the scratching, as he would be unaware that any other words were castographic, and probably detected "Publick" by comparing it with a sign in the City Hall.

The second fac-simile is a photographic copy of Snyder's original and famous order on "Joe Mire" for a keg of campaign beer. In this, he even fails to spell his own name correctly.

advised with a view to matrimony, or even responds to an advertisement of that character, incurs the risk of dismissal from the army. It is well known that Emperor William is opposed to any of his official family either at home or abroad marrying Americans. The special reason that the German diplomats in this country find it difficult to marry here is owing to the great social upheaval caused some years ago in Mexico by the ungracious conduct of the Baroness Zedwitz, who had been then Minister from Germany. The Baroness, who as Miss Lina Caldwell, one of the greatest heiresses of the United States, had been accustomed to consult her convenience and pleasure rather than any well-established rule of etiquette, refused to comply with the customs and usages of the diplomatic circle.

Why then, it may be asked, has Gen. Weyler with all the resources of Spain at his command, and the sympathy of the Spanish people, failed to put down the Cuban insurrection?

Gen. Weyler has not been successful in his campaign by denouncing as an enemy of Spain any one who should tell the truth if it reflected upon the

valor of Spanish arms. Campos refused to kill his prisoners. Weyler began by allowing his troops to slaughter the male inhabitants of a village almost within sight of Havana. Campos gave all correspondents free passes to go out with his troops and watch his operations. Weyler today passes away, prohibited correspondents going out, and finally put two of them in Moro Castle on the supposition that they had investigated his massacre of peaceable citizens at Guatmo.

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SNYDER'S OWN.

AUTOGRAPHIC SPECIMENS OF A STATESMAN'S WORK.

Examples Taken at Random from Hundreds of His Motions-Plain Evidence That Somebody Tried to Amend One of Them.

Many persons have found it difficult to believe that a man who aspires to be Mayor of the city of Los Angeles is really so illiterate and uncouth, so incapable of learning the rudiments of English, as M. P. Snyder's literary productions, on by in the City Hall, show him to be. Some have hinted the suspicion that The Times has exaggerated Snyder's illiteracy and taken advantage of an occasional slip of his pen to play jokes upon him.

It is almost incredible that a man of ordinary intelligence should conduct business, read newspapers, books or even the circulars, bills and letters that pass through a merchant's hands and remain so elaborately and magnificently ignorant of the mechanism of the language that he speaks. Even a man who learned the alphabet at the age of 30 should be able to spell words in common use without making absurd blunders.

But it is absolutely a fact that M. P. Snyder, candidate for Mayor, spells worse than a six-year-old child. The list of atrociously misspelled words, printed a few days ago in a burlesque on the Snyderian system, was not invented. Every word in the sample list was taken from Snyder's motions, written by himself and now on file and open to inspection, and the spelling was Snyder's own.

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THE WEATHER.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, Dec. 1.—At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 30.2; at 5 p.m. 30.15. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 52 deg. and 60 deg. Relative humidity, 5 a.m., 38 per cent.; 5 p.m., 68 per cent. Wind, 5 a.m., north, velocity 5 miles; 5 p.m., west, velocity 5 miles. Maximum temperature, 74 deg.; minimum temperature, 48 deg. Character of weather, 5 a.m., partly cloudy; 5 p.m., clear. Barometer reduced to sea level.

The Times

ALL ALONG THE LINE.

Not the least distressing thought about this air-ship business is the crop of funny "cracks" which the alleged humorists will get off, after the bubble has burst and everyone realizes what a chump he was. The man who started the thing is going to have a deal to answer for.

San Diego is having more trouble over its new water system. The City Engineer has just completed an examination of the big Morena dam, now in course of construction, and according to his report, it is as full of holes as a sieve. The contractor had stuffed gunny sacks into the holes, but the City Engineer seems to think this ingenious device a poor substitute for solid masonry.

It is well enough to brag of what big sums of money have been spent in local building operations, but when—as the Building Superintendent points out in his annual report just published—such bragging brings a host of mechanics to the city, so that the supply of labor exceeds the demand, wages go down and distress in a measure ensues, it is also well enough to pause and consider this line. There are at present no more vacant jobs in the city than men to fill them.

These are the days when the voice of the candidate is heard in the land; when he goeth forth into the highways of the city, shaketh his neighbor's hand and inquirith with care as to the health of his mother-in-law and the little deal for a job; when the succulent two-bit piece maketh merry the heart of the heeler; and when all things point to the holding of an election in the near future or thereabouts. Meanwhile all hands are bailing hay while the moon shines, and no man knoweth what the end will be.

The hardships of the law's delays are illustrated in the case of Wong Fong, who has just been released after fourteen months of imprisonment. Fong was guilty of no crime. He was merely suspected of being illegally in this country. He had been engaged in business in Riverside for many years and was universally respected by his fellow-townsmen, American as well as Chinese. Even after the Circuit Court of Appeals had declared that he was entitled to his freedom, he was kept in custody for six weary weeks, merely because the trial judge was too ill to go through the formality of hearing the motion for release in open court. There is a little too much red tape about some of the institutions of this Land of the Free.

A WAITERS' STRIKE.

They Quit Work When the Restaurant Is Closed.

Eleven waiters in the Royal Bakery, No. 118 South Spring street, struck work yesterday noon and walked out at the hour when the restaurant was most crowded with customers. Only four waiters remained at their posts, and some confusion and delay occurred in filling orders. The customers for the most part submitted good naturedly to the inconvenience, seeming to sympathize rather with the proprietor than with the strikers.

One of the men said the reason for the strike was that they were obliged to work too many hours a day, but Bernard Gordon, the proprietor, gives a different account. He said last evening that the trouble grew out of a quarrel last week between one of the striking waiters and another employee. The latter has been in Mr. Gordon's employ for two years, and has a wife and six children dependent upon him and his work has been satisfactory. His discharge was demanded by the waiters, and when Mr. Gordon refused to accede to their demands, he was told that "he would be sorry for it."

No action was taken by the waiters until yesterday when the restaurant happened to be more than usually crowded. Then they walked out. If they expected sympathy they probably received little from the hungry people whom they left in the lurch.

A SERIOUS ACCIDENT.

How It Called Attention to a Needed City Ordinance.

By a serious accident, which occurred on Aliso street last Monday, the attention of the City Council will likely be called to the fact that no ordinance exists prohibiting the breaking of horses in the public streets. It is apparent that no thought of the necessity of such an ordinance has ever presented itself to the Councilmanic body, and it remains for a citizen, who narrowly escaped death on account of the lack of such a municipal law, to bring the matter up. At noon on Monday C. B. Cook of No. 323 Cornwell street was driving along Aliso street when a horse-breaker named Thomas, colored, suddenly drove his unruly bronco from a stock yard. The horse was unmanageable, and Thomas could not prevent the shafts of his cart from penetrating the lungs of Cook's horse, throwing Cook out and causing a general smashup of vehicles, men and horses. Cook was slightly bruised, and his horse died from its injuries.

As Thomas was engaged in breaking the horse in a public street, Mr. Cook endeavored to learn if he had any redress. On visiting the City Attorney he was informed that no ordinance existed regulating the taming of horses, whereupon he suggested the advisability of such an ordinance. The City Attorney will now prepare an ordinance to be presented to the Council.

Maccabees Election.

Banner Tent, No. 21, Knights of the Maccabees, last night elected the following officers for the next six months: Commander, E. F. Richards; past commander, W. Chamberlain; lieutenant-commander, L. R. McCoy; record keeper, W. A. White; finance keeper, sergeant, F. C. Robinson; master at arms, W. A. Dunn; first master of guards, E. E. Peck; second master of guards, W. F. Steele; sentinel, G. F. Bennett; picket, E. A. Crawford; organist, E. E. Salyer.

ST. JOHN'S BAZAAR.

OPENING OF THE SIXTH ANNUAL SALE—LARGE ATTENDANCE.

Handsomely Decorated Booths—State Aprons—Unique Attractions—Features—The Fairy Bower. Committee in Charge—An Enjoyable Programme.

The sixth annual bazaar of the ladies of St. John's Church opened yesterday afternoon in the spacious guild rooms of that church at the corner of Adams and Figueroa streets. It is a new experiment to have an "uptown" bazaar, but the gratifying attendance both in the afternoon and evening and the generous patronage given to it assures a success. The large rooms with their capacity for accommodation at least six hundred people, are very tastefully decorated with evergreens, holly, and pine, and potted plants and the booths on two great advantage ranged on both sides of the main Sunday-school room.

The committee of workers is under the general direction and guidance of Mrs. Henry Bleeker, the president of the Woman's Guild. The Reception Committee consists of Mrs. Bleeker, Mrs. H. B. Strang and Miss E. C. McCullough. The heads of departments are Mrs. B. W. R. Taylor, J. E. Cowles, O. P. Posey, Lewis Thorne, E. B. Whitmore, J. E. Kneeling, C. E. Rase, Albert Crutcher, Milton Hammond and Miss E. M. Lewis.

Mrs. Taylor's booth contains a rich and generous assortment of all sorts of useful and fancy articles, toys, dolls, etc., suitable for Christmas gifts. The assistants at the booth are Mrs. McClure, O'Reilly, Freeman G. Teed, Ryland and the Misses Rogers.

At the booth of Mrs. J. E. Cowles are to be found, beside fancy articles, small, hot coffee and tea, sandwiches and other refreshments. This booth occupies the entire space of the Sunday-school library, and is tastefully decorated with amylax, palms, etc. Assisting Mrs. Cowles are Misses A. A. Eisen, Sheldon Borden, Burnett, Ferguson, Wilson, Smith, Winder, Walker, the Misses Pennington, Lou Winder, Grace Sargent and Genevieve Smith.

The booth over which Mrs. O. P. Posey presides is artistically and elaborately decorated in delicate colors. Among the many novelties to be found there is Mrs. Van Gieson's "apple table," a new feature which is a drawing of Mrs. Posey is assisted by Misses Van Gieson, Houghton, Gooding, and by the Misses Gooding and Houghton.

Mrs. Lewis Thorne's booth will attract the attention of those who are looking for good bargains or useful articles. Linen bags, children's shoes and dresses, besides photographs, dolls, etc. Mrs. Thorne's assistants are Misses Schneider, Watlington, Gregson and Miss McCullough.

The "State apron booth" is a unique feature of the bazaar, there being an exhibition and for sale aprons from various States in the Union donated for this sale. Some of them have quaint allegorical inscriptions which natives of that State only can understand. Mrs. Rase, the director, is assisted by Misses Johnson, Will Porter, Tom Robertson, Springer and the Misses Bledsoe and Ava Rase.

Mrs. Kneeling's candy booth is resplendent in yellow and black, and attracts young and old. She is assisted by Mrs. E. G. Howard, and her booth is among the most attractive of all. The altar guild of the church, beside a well-stocked booth, has also an "all-housette corner" at which silhouettes are made and sold with lightning rapidity. Mrs. Whitmore, the president of the Altar Guild, is assisted by Mrs. Milton Drummond and the Misses Griener, McAllister, Osborne, Weston, Griffith, Hagerty, Dryden, E. Dryden, Powell and Winnie Bleeker.

The ice-cream tables are in charge of Miss E. M. Lewis, assisted by Misses McDonald, Allan, King and Borwick.

St. Faith's Guild, a society of young girls under the direction of Mrs. Albert Crutcher, have transformed the men's choir-room to a fairy bower, with real living flowers, and afford a charming glimpse into fairyland. Among the fairies and other assistants are the Misses Katharine Powell, Meta Grasset, Elizabeth Alexander, Helen Reynolds, Florence Osborne, Lor Narver, Clara Allen, Ruth Turner, Mometta Allan, Hazel Givins and Mamie Hughton. A souvenir is given to each patron of the fairy bower.

Last evening a delightful concert was rendered by the choir of St. John's Church to the patrons of the bazaar. The programme was as follows: "The Winter Hath not a Blossom" (Reinecke)—Misses Hatch, Winder, Griswold, Farley, M. Griswold, Mrs. Whitmore; "Fantasy," op. 28 allegro, piano solo (Mendelssohn)—T. L. Krebs; "Afterward," vocal solo (Mullen)—Miss R. Farley; "Call Me Back," vocal solo (Denza)—Miss Josephine Haskins; "Rondo," op. 1, piano solo (Chopin)—Miss R. Farley; "Still is the Night," piano solo (Aht)—H. Beaumont Brittan; Symphony, No. 5, first movement, piano, four hands (Beethoven)—Miss Winder, Mr. Krebs; "Dreams," vocal solo (Streletski)—Miss Mabel Kratz; Recitation and song from "Mikado" (Sullivan).

(b.) "A May Morning" (Denza)—Mrs. Isabel Wyatt; "Maiden's Lullaby," piano solo, left hand only (Zimmer)—Mr. Krebs; "Night" (Ergman)—Ladies of St. John's choir.

The fair will continue until Friday evening. This evening a literary and musical programme will be rendered. Miss Fulton, the Oakland elocutionist, will recite.

University of California.

The resident alumni of the University of California have issued invitations to the friends of the university to attend a meeting to be held tonight at New Turnverein, on South Main street. The president of the meeting will be H. W. O'Melveny and the list of speakers will include President Martin Kellogg and other members of the faculty, and R. H. F. Varie, Esq. The addresses, according to the programme announced, will have bearing upon topics related to university training and the preparation which it furnishes to the future citizen of the State.

Among the distinguished guests will be President Martin Kellogg, Prof. L. Conte, the great geologist, Prof. Irving Birmingham, Prof. Elmer E. Brown, Prof. Bernard Moses and Prof. William Carey Jones.

Fraternal Brotherhood.

Los Angeles Lodge No. 1, Fraternal Brotherhood, elected the following officers last night: Past president, Simon Maas; president, F. H. Leach; vice-president, M. A. Bronson; secretary, G. L. Davidson; treasurer, William G. Lindenfeld; chaplain, R. B. Emery; sergeant, N. Newby; M. at A. T. E. Morgan; Inner D.K., J. G. McMillan; O.D.K., H. M. Lee; trustees, M. A. Bronson, Fred Anthony.

THE CALIFORNIA LIMITED
On the Santa Fe route leaves Monday and Thursday. Does drawing-room sleepers, dining-car, buffet, smoking-car, for Denver, Kansas City, St. Louis and Chicago. Ticket office, No. 209 Spring street.

May in December OR

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Fourth of July ON

Christmas Day.

No matter how, nor when you compare the climate at Hotel del Coronado with any other spot; you MUST admit that

"Coronado Climate is the Finest on Earth."

New Books Just Received.

A Romance of the Snows—By Gilbert Parker.
The True George Washington—By Paul Leicester Ford.
Without Prejudice—By I. Zangwill.
The Murder of Delicia—By Marie Corelli.
Jane—By Marie Corelli.

FOR SALE BY

C. C. PARKER,

No. 246 S. Broadway, near Public Library.

The most complete and varied stock of books on the Pacific Coast.

Every grocer keeps Thomson's

SOAP

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Because it is the best.

Comes in 5c, 15c and 25c pkgs.

BUY Gloves of a

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247 South Spring St.

Reefer Jackets

Ages 2 to 14 years.

\$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50,

\$4.00, \$5.00.

All our own make.

All remarkable good values.

I. Magnin & Co.,

Ladies', Children's and Infant's

Outfitters.

237 S. SPRING ST.

Mail orders promptly filled. MYER SIEGEL, Manager.

...NEWEST BOOKS...

Pictures of People.

By Chas. Dana Gibson, containing 88 of Gibson's latest drawings, price \$1.50.

Two new books by Marie Corelli.

The Murder of Delicia, price \$1.15.

Jane, price.....70c.

When William IV was King, by John Ashton, price \$3.15.

New supply of TAQUISARA, by F. Marion Crawford. Just received; price \$1.50.

Stoll & Thayer Co.

Bryson Block,

Cor. Second and Spring.

THERE ARE UNBECOMING

ill-fitting Glasses.

An article used daily as prominently as glasses are used, must fit the face as well as the eyes.

There is no danger of purchasing either unbefitting or ill-fitting glasses of us—we won't let you.

Perfectly-correct-fitting glasses or no sale is our motto.

245 S. Spring

Established 1881

Look for CROWN

in the window.

It Needs

Experience

To be able to tell a good

paint from a bad one.

That's just why so many

paint buyers are fooled!

They have not the experience.

Most people have not;

maybe you are not experienced in this line.

If you are not, it might be well for you to depend

upon the one that has always been the best—that

is the best—Harrison's.

P. H. MATHEWS

238-240 S. Main St.,

Middle of Block,

Between Second and Third Sts.

For Delicacy,

for purity, and for improvement of the complexion nothing equals Fossner's Powders.

BOSTON DRY GOODS STORE

J. W. ROBINSON CO.
BROADWAY, Opp. City Hall.

WHOLESALE Third and Fourth Floors. Telephone Main 904. RETAIL First and Second Floors.

LADIES' Hosiery and Underwear

Seasonable Fabrics and Unexceptional Values make these departments a leading feature of our business.

Ladies' Fleece-Lined Vests and Pants, full size, each.....25c

Ladies' Heavy Fleece-Lined Pants and Vests, pearl buttons, silk trimmed, French band drawers, each.....37½c

Ladies' Fleece-Lined Union Suits, silk trimmed, ankle length (extra), each.....37½c

Ladies' Fine Merino Vests and Pants, white and natural, a genuine bargain, each.....75c

Ladies' Extra Quality Camels' Hair Vests and Pants, each.....\$1.00

Munsing's Plated Underwear, absolutely unshrinkable, white and natural wool, garment.....\$1.25

Ladies' Full Regular Equestrian Tights, black and natural wool, ankle length, each.....\$1.50

Union Suits, white and gray, special bargains.....\$2.00

The Celebrated "Lewis" Underwear, perfect fitting, garment.....\$2.50

Ladies' and Children's Hosiery.

50 dozen Ladies' English Cashmere Hose, London lengths, high spliced heel, double sole.

A Leader at 25c a Pair

Ladies' finer grades Black Cashmere Hose, your choice in weights, regular 75c quality, our price, pair.....48c

Ladies' Lisle Thread and Fancy Cotton Hose, boot effects, worth 35c to 50c pair, now selling 3 pairs for.....50c

Boys' and Misses' Fast Black Corduroy Ribbed Hose, extra weight, superior quality, for this sale, pair.....12½c

Until further notice our store will be kept open Saturday evenings until 9 p.m.

You Smile

When you hear a dealer urge some other brand of flour in place of PILLSBURY'S BEST, because

You Know

That he is simply "talking up" a brand that pays him a little better profit—that's all. He will sell you PILLSBURY'S if you insist.

Crombie & Co., Coast Agents, Los Angeles

H. JEVNE

Just the Thing To Send East....

California Crystallized Cherries, Figs and Assorted Fruits, Handsomely put up in neat boxes; half-pound box at 25c, postage to any part of United States 8c; pound box 50c, postage 16c. There is a higher grade of these fruits on the market, but a gift so representative of California should be of highest quality.

"You're safe at Jevne's."

208-210 S. Spring Street, Wilcox Bldg.

BETTER CITY GOVERNMENT.

THE LEAGUE CITY TICKET.

Mayor.....No Nomination

City Clerk.....C. H. HANCE

Auditor.....T. E. NICHOLS

Attorney.....W. E. DUNN

Engineer.....BURN BASSSETT

Street Superintendent.....JOHN H. DRAIN

Treasurer.....W. E. HARTWELL

Assessor.....JOHN H. GISH

Councilmen—

First Ward.....F. M. NICKELL

Second Ward.....F. D. CONREY

Third Ward.....Z. D. MATHUS

Fourth Ward.....HERMAN SILVER

Fifth Ward.....C. E. TOLL

Sixth Ward.....L. M. GRIDER

Seventh Ward.....J. K. URMSTON

Eighth Ward.....E. L. HUTCHINSON

Ninth Ward.....E. L. BLANCHARD

Board of Education—

First Ward.....W. F. POOR

Second Ward.....N. P. CONREY

Third Ward.....G. B. BARTLEY

Fourth Ward.....C. G. DAVIS

Fifth Ward.....L. M. GRIDER

Sixth Ward.....J. K. URMSTON

Seventh Ward.....G. H. WADLEIGH

Eighth Ward.....GEO. E. PHIBBS

Ninth Ward.....W. L. WEBB

LEAGUE FOR BETTER CITY GOVERNMENT,

Headquarters 219 Byrne Block.

S. B. LEWIS, President; CHAS. S. WALTON, Secretary; M. H. NEWMARK, Treasurer.

PRICES TELL AT

Allen's Furniture

Closing-out Sale.

332 and 334 South Spring St.

J. T. Sheward

113-115 North Spring St.

There never was a time when Cloaks were sold at the prices we are selling them for. We are unloading the Cloak Department; lots of Cloaks are being sold for half-price, some one-third, others one-quarter; it is the best time you ever saw for buying; we have at least two thousand more cloaks than we should have; the weather has been too warm; the times too hard; we are selling out the Cloak Department at prices that cannot be repeated.

Cloaks that have been selling for \$10, \$12 and \$15 are down to \$3.50.

Capes, nice stylish ones, as low as \$2.50.

Ladies' Long Ulsters, for stormy weather, \$3.50.

Nice new style Winter Capes, \$5 and \$6.

Nice Stylish Jackets, \$5 and \$6.

Beautiful new style Capes and Jackets, \$7.50 and \$10.

We have a very large stock of new Winter Capes and Jackets. Prices are made to close out every garment. It is the best time you ever saw to buy a wrap cheap. Children's Cloaks at a big reduction all this week.

We have large quantities of Holiday Goods now on the way. We want more room for their display. Special prices will be made all through the house to secure more selling space.

Bedding and Comforts at very low prices.

For the next thirty days we will be selling goods for less than they can be purchased over again.

With the advent of the new year prosperous times are in view. We expect to double the trade of 1896. We are getting ready for it. Buy now.

Newberry's

SEE HERE

Choice Michigan Apples.....\$3.75 barrel

Genuine Eastern Sweet Cider.....45c gallon

216 and 218 South Spring Street.

5C a Package a Package 5C

BISHOP'S

JIM CRACK

You can never eat enough.

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE

5C a Package a Package 5C

ELECTION CONTEST.

THE CONTESTANT HAD TO AMEND HIS PETITION.

Grove S. Bartholomew's Case Against Madison T. Owens Comes Up for a Hearing.

ONE MORE ANNUAL REPORT.

CITY PLUMBING INSPECTOR TELLS OF HIS YEAR'S WORK.

An Interesting Record of the "Jobs" Accomplished, the Fees Collected and Inspections Made. Permits of the Week.

At the City Hall yesterday the Plumbing Inspector filed his annual report with the City Clerk. The Police Commission did not hold its regular weekly meeting, a quorum of the members not being present.

The election contest of Grove S. Bartholomew against Madison T. Owens came up for a hearing in Department Three of the Superior Court, but was continued until today. A suit of considerable importance to the residents of Vernon was filed by the City Attorney, seeking to quiet title to park property claimed by E. F. Kysor. James H. Morley brought suit against the Crescent Steam Laundry for \$25,000 damages. J. F. Bedwell was found guilty of forgery.

AT THE CITY HALL.

WORK OF THE PLUMBERS.

REPORT OF THE OFFICIAL WHO INSPECTS THEIR JOBS.

A Number of Permits Issued and a Comparison Made of the Past Year's Work with that of Other Years.

Annual reports from the various heads of municipal departments are beginning to accumulate as the days pass, and the time allowed for their filing expires. E. L. Burgeon, Plumbing Inspector of the city, is the latest in the field with his report to the Council, which was filed with the City Clerk yesterday. It reads as follows:

"To the honorable City Council: As Plumbing Inspector of the city of Los Angeles, I have the honor to submit my report for the year 1895-96.

"It is an open question whether or not there is another locality in the world endowed with more nearly perfect drainage and plumbing conditions. The city of Los Angeles is situated at an elevation of about two hundred and fifty feet above sea level, and only about eight miles from the ocean, thus the natural fall is sufficient to rapidly and effectively carry away the sewage.

"The climatic conditions are such that freezing of pipes and expansion by heat loosening joints is practically unknown. For this reason, iron pipes instead of lead can, with equally good results, be used. The sunshine which prevails over three hundred days in the year causes the evaporation of the atmosphere surrounding these conduits for waste.

"The recently constructed outfall sewer which was built at a cost of about \$400,000 gives a direct outlet to the ocean of all sewage. The cost of plumbing and sewer connection is so much reduced by the use of iron instead of lead pipes that it is possible for those of the most moderate means to fulfill all the plumbing and sanitary requirements.

"There are in use now about two hundred and fifty miles of main sewer and nearly one hundred and sixty miles of side connections.

"The following table gives the business done in the Plumbing Inspector's office for the past five years.

"For the first three years of the existence of the office no account of fees or cost was kept or other record except the bare statement of the issuance and the amount of the approximate figures will be given during that time, viz:

"In 1892, 732 permits; 1893, 1205 permits; 1894, 1867 permits; 1895, 2829 permits; cost, \$208,815; fees, \$543,25; inspections, 11,455; 1896, 5172 permits; cost, \$246,863; fees, \$141,75; inspections, 14,265.

"Many inspections have resulted in the replumbing of numerous buildings under order of the City Health Officer.

"The following tables give the comparison by months from December 1, 1894, to December 1, 1896:

Month	Permits	Value	Fees	Inspections
December, 1894	104	\$19,500	\$3,750	519
January, 1895	199	19,900	3,975	597
February	208	22,000	4,400	620
March	264	24,400	4,880	792
April	325	32,500	6,500	1,075
May	328	32,800	6,560	1,104
June	286	28,600	5,720	1,088
July	333	33,300	6,660	1,073
August	285	28,500	5,700	1,100
September	336	33,600	6,720	1,100
October	412	41,200	8,240	1,128
November	412	41,200	8,240	1,128
Total	3536	\$358,513	\$74,215	14,455

Permits, Value, Fees, Inspections.

Month	Permits	Value	Fees	Inspections
December, 1895	444	\$88,800	\$17,760	1,226
January, 1896	410	40,900	8,180	1,275
February	518	45,000	9,000	1,300
March	508	50,800	10,160	1,300
April	576	57,600	11,520	1,439
May	475	47,500	9,500	1,315
June	415	41,500	8,300	1,310
July	550	55,000	11,000	1,011
August	465	46,500	9,300	1,000
September	578	57,800	11,560	1,000
October	572	57,200	11,440	973
November	573	57,300	11,460	995
Total	6172	\$426,863	\$84,175	14,264

Permits, Value, Fees, Inspections.

Police Commissioners Failed to Meet.

The Police Commission was to have received a visit from a Parkhurst society delegation yesterday morning, but as Commissioner Cook was the only member who "showed up" at the meeting time, no session of the board was held. Dr. McLean was present, but made no attempt at expressing the views of the Parkhurst folk upon matters which the police board have jurisdiction over. The board will not meet again until next Tuesday.

That Street-naming Commission.

The Mayor yesterday received notification from the City Clerk of the Council's action in empowering him to appoint a commission of seven persons whose duty it shall be to receive and report upon all petitions and protests relative to street names. The Mayor is somewhat at a loss to know whom to appoint on the commission, and is prepared to receive suggestions in the matter from all persons interested.

Want Alleys Abandoned.

The City Council has been petitioned by H. G. Wilshire and others to have all alleys in blocks A, B, E, G and H, the alley in block C, north of lots 6 and 17, and also the alley in block F,

south of lots 8 and 14, and the alley in block D, south of lots 8 and 14, in the Wilshire Boulevard tract, closed as public thoroughfares.

BUILDING PERMITS.

Business Apparently Brisk in the Carpentering Line.

Permits for building purposes have been issued during this week as follows:

George W. Stimson, a dwelling on Hayes and Darwin streets, to cost \$750. Also two dwellings on the same streets to cost \$800. Also a dwelling on Florida, near Moore street, to cost \$1500. Also a dwelling in the same locality to cost \$1850. Also a dwelling on Eleventh street, near union avenue, to cost \$1650.

Victor Athenous, a store on Ninth and Alameda streets, to cost \$500.

C. H. White, a dwelling on Third street, between Fourth and Sixth streets, to cost \$500.

E. B. Cator, a dwelling on Thirty-third street between Central and Washington streets, to cost \$800.

Henry Glass, a block of flats on Wall street between Winston and Fifth streets, to cost \$2500.

C. F. Smith, a dwelling on Eighth street, between San Pedro and Peru streets, to cost \$1800.

C. S. Stinson, a dwelling on Tennessee between Twelfth and Fourteenth streets, to cost \$500.

Anna C. Pilgrim, a dwelling on Third street, between Wadsworth and Griffith streets, to cost \$500.

Mrs. J. D. Smith, a dwelling on Chestnut street between Humboldt and Arroyo streets, to cost \$800.

AT THE COURT HOUSE.

PROCEEDING SLOWLY.

HEARING OF THE BARTHOLOMEW ELECTION CONTEST CASE.

The Contestant Had to Amend His Complaint to Conform to the Court's Construction of the Form in Such Cases.

The hearing of the election contest of Grove S. Bartholomew against Madison T. Owens was commenced yesterday in Judge York's court. The case is one wherein Bartholomew claims that he was fraudulently deprived of the position of City Justice of Los Angeles, for which office he was the Democratic candidate at the recent election.

The matter proceeded very slowly yesterday and little interest was manifested. There is some doubt as to whether the petition will be allowed. However, should it be granted, it will necessitate a recount of the 18,000 votes cast for city justice.

When the case was called, R. B. Treat, Esq., attorney for the defendant, made a motion for dismissal, and attacked the complaint on the ground that it was not specific. He argued that instances of fraud, if any, should have been included in the allegation, for as the complaint stood it was entirely too general, being based simply on information and belief. Judge York, in reply, said that the complaint, as drawn up by the plaintiff, was not specific, but that he would allow the plaintiff to amend it, provided he made the amendment before the case was called on for trial. The plaintiff's attorney, Mr. Kysor, made the amendment, and the case was called on for trial.

The case was called on for trial, and the plaintiff's attorney, Mr. Kysor, made the amendment, and the case was called on for trial.

GUILTY OF FORGERY.

J. F. Bedwell Passed a Bogus Check on Harry Chase.

J. F. Bedwell was placed on trial in Department One of the Superior Court yesterday on a charge of passing a forged check on Harry D. Chase. The check was drawn on the Merchants' National Bank and called for \$5. The case was given to the jury late in the afternoon, and the verdict was returned.

PARK PROPERTY DISPUTE.

Vernon Residents May Soon Have a Park to Improve.

The city of Los Angeles, by W. E. Dunn, City Attorney, has filed suit to quiet title to eight acres of the Central Park tract, bounded by Kysor street, Perry street, Park avenue and Central avenue. An interest is claimed by E. T. Kysor and Clara Kysor, and they are made defendants to the suit. The land in dispute was dedicated to park purposes, but has never been used. Shortly after the dedication the property is located, Kysor offered to sell the land to the city for \$6000. An investigation revealed the fact of the land's dedication for park purposes, and the supposed fact that Kysor had no interest whatever in it. City Attorney Dunn made a thorough investigation and ascertained that he could easily prove his contention. The residents of Vernon are greatly interested in the outcome of the case, as they wish, if the city is successful, to get the land and have the property improved as a park.

WANTS BIG DAMAGES.

An ex-Laundry Employee Values Three Fingers at \$25,000.

James H. Morley has sued the Crescent Steam Laundry for \$25,000 damages on account of loss of three fingers. Morley was employed by the laundry in operating a mangle, and last April he had the misfortune to get his hand into the machine with disastrous results. He alleges that he was not a machinist, yet the company required him to operate the mangle and thereby caused a permanent injury to himself.

FILOMATH AND JETSMAN.

Miscellaneous Driftwood Thrown into the Ocean.

DIVORCE CASES. Susie E. Lyman has brought a suit for divorce from Lynn E. Lyman. She alleges failure to provide. Mary A. Lucas yesterday filed a suit for divorce against William A. Lucas, charging cruelty.

CASE RESUMED. The trial of the case of Kohler & Frohling against the Southern Pacific Company, a suit for damages, was resumed in Judge Clark's department of the Superior Court yesterday. The testimony is wholly technical and the case will not be concluded for a week or two.

AN OIL CASE. In the case of the Diamond Oil Company against J. L. Schwartz and al., a suit for non-fulfillment of contract, Judge York yes-

terday rendered an opinion in favor of the defendant. The company alleged that the man with the long name had refused to furnish cause for an oil well and that, therefore, the company had been damaged to the extent of \$470. The court held otherwise.

WANTS A RECEIVER. W. M. HULLER has begun proceedings against the Mt. Lowe Springs Company, asking that a receiver be appointed for the defendant corporation in order that the plaintiff may be enabled to have a judgment which he holds satisfied. The amount of the plaintiff's judgment is \$1381.30.

FORECLOSURE SUITS. C. P. Randolph yesterday instituted suit against the Alameda Colony and Perry Olmstead and his wife, Gertrude, to foreclose a mortgage to satisfy promissory notes given in the sum of \$342. Rose M. Phelps and Ira Phelps have brought a suit against G. F. and Louise Stamm and C. E. White and Mrs. R. A. White to foreclose on lot 27 and forty acres of 28 of subdivision of a portion of lot 1, block 37, Hancock's survey.

NEW CITIZENS. William Karl Klein, a native of Germany, was yesterday admitted to citizenship by Judge Smith.

GODFREY'S CASE. Judge Smith yesterday set aside the order forfeiting the bonds of Edw. Godfrey, the colored man charged with burglary. Godfrey appeared in court and pleaded not guilty, his trial being set for December 28, at 10 a.m.

CORONEL ESTATE. Frank Sabichl and J. G. Coronel, refusing to accept the amount distributed to them from the estate of Antonio P. Coronel, deceased, it was ordered that the executor of the last will of the deceased pay the amounts into court for the parties.

FINAL ACCOUNTING. In the cases of the estate of W. H. Swan, E. Strawn, B. F. D. Adams, final accounting and distribution of estates were ordered, by Judge Clark.

ALLOWANCE FOR MINORS. A petition for an allowance for three minor children from the estate of Lawrence A. Mace was granted.

SUIT TRANSFERRED. The case of Brown vs. the Police Commission of the city of Los Angeles has been transferred to Department Four of the Superior Court. It is a case wherein Brown attacks the validity of the revocation of a saloon license.

AT THE U. S. BUILDING.

WONG FONG RELEASED.

Imprisoned Fourteen Months on a Groundless Charge.

Wong Fong, a Chinaman who has been in custody for more than a year, charged with being illegally in this country, was released last Monday, and his legal troubles are at an end.

For sixteen years Fong has lived in California, and for some fourteen years he has lived in Riverside, where he was engaged in business as a merchant. On August 1, 1893, his store was destroyed by a fire that wiped out a large part of the Chinese quarter of the town. He began rebuilding, but in November, 1893, he was recalled to China by the death of his father. He remained there until May, 1895, when he was recalled to this country. At San Francisco some objection was made before he was allowed to land. Soon after he reached Riverside he was arrested, charged with being a laborer and illegally in this country. He was tried by the United States District Court and on December 2, 1895, he was sentenced to be deported.

An appeal was taken by his attorneys, Marble & Phillips, to the Circuit Court of Appeals. The appeal was successful, and six weeks ago a mandate was issued to the District Court, directing that Fong be discharged. But, through judicial delay, he was not entitled to a release. Fong was kept in custody for six long weeks, owing to the illness of Judge Wellborn of the District Court. The mandate was presented in open court, it was practically inoperative. Judge Wellborn was finally able to hold court on Monday, the mandate was presented, and Fong was at last released, after fourteen months of captivity upon a charge that proved groundless.

Wong Fong is well known in Riverside, and is generally respected. He has much influence among his countrymen, and is said to be possessed of considerable property. His case has attracted attention for he has many friends among the American citizens of Riverside.

GIVEN SIX MONTHS.

Clothes Thief Sentenced—Other Police Court Cases.

Clarence Remington, the young man who was arrested a few days ago by Detective Goodman for stealing clothing, pleaded guilty to a charge of petty larceny yesterday and was sentenced to six months in jail. He recently pleaded guilty to a charge of petty larceny, was fined \$20.

Lena Douglas was found not guilty of grand larceny by Justice Rossier in the Police Court, and was discharged. Lena was arrested some time ago on a charge of robbing a man. Immediately after her case had been disposed of yesterday, Officer Davis went before Justice Owens and swore to a complaint charging her with the same offense.

George Whalen was found guilty of visiting an opium den and was fined \$15.

J. A. Sanborn was sentenced to serve thirty days in jail on a charge of vagrancy.

Robert Butterfield, who was arrested yesterday morning on a charge of stealing a scarf-pin, was arraigned on a charge of petty larceny, and his hearing set for December 4.

SUPERVISORS' CONVENTION.

Preliminary Meeting of County Solons—They Discuss Roads.

The convention of Supervisors of Southern California assembled at the Chamber of Commerce yesterday at 2:30 p.m. to arrange for the regular appointed meeting to which they are expected to attend. The meeting was called to order by Supervisor Francisco of Los Angeles county. G. R. Holbrook of San Bernardino county was chosen chairman, and F. Davis of Ventura county was chosen secretary. The members present were: F. E. Davis, K. P. Grant, F. Hartman, Thomas Bell, M. Flynn, Emmet Crane, elect of Ventura county; S. Armour, F. W. Nickey, W. C. O'Grady, county of G. R. Holbrook, O. Newberg, J. B. Grove, elect, San Bernardino county; A. W. Francisco, W. L. Woodward, James Hanley, James Hay, E. S. Field, Los Angeles county.

A committee consisting of Field, Armour and Newberg was appointed on order of business. The annual report of the State Board of Highways, relating to the construction and maintenance of a trunk line, connecting each county seat throughout the State, was read and adopted. After discussing several proposed bills to be presented to the Legislature this fall, the convention adjourned to meet today at 9 o'clock a.m.

Heating Houses, Churches, Etc. With hot air is made a specialty by F. E. Brown, No. 123 East Fourth street.

WOES OF WHITTIER.

TRIAL OF THE FLOGGERS BEFORE JUSTICE YOUNG.

Prosecution's Case Peters Out When Tested by Evidence Under Oath in Court.

REMAINS OF GRACE MARONEY.

NOT THE MANGLED WRECK DESCRIBED BY MRS. SUTHERLAND.

Trustee Mitchell's Sympathetic Witness Modifies Her Lurid Tale Very Materially—The Tortures of Grace Maroney.

Yesterday saw the beginning of the notorious Whittier whipping case. After much cross-examination the jury was impaneled and the testimony of the crown was given to show the extent of the brutality practiced in the school.

The courtroom was crowded both morning and afternoon and frequent ripples of laughter marked the appreciation of the crowd when the verbal sparring between the attorneys grew particularly spicy.

Grace Maroney herself was the first witness put upon the stand. Far from being "unable to be moved," as confidently predicted by Mrs. Mitchell, she would have been difficult to tell with the naked eye that anything in the way of punishment had ever been visited upon the tough-looking young specimen of humanity upon the witness stand.

The girl's testimony was modeled upon the lines of Mrs. Sutherland's harrowing story, but the impression evidently made upon the collective mind of the jury was that she had received very much less punishment than she stated that she was three months over 18, the age at which girls are released from the school in case a home has been found for them. She had been sent to the reform school last January from Nevada City.

As stated in the story formerly printed in The Times, Mrs. Wilson was Principal, Miss Germaine matron and Mrs. Henderson dressmaker at the school when the trouble which led to the present trial took place.

The Maroney girl stated that these three women were the ones that had whipped her after the uprising on November 8. The punishment was passed over with the mild statement that she had been stood on guard line Saturday night. Sunday afternoon they were in the library and she was taken over to the Industrial building and there suffered the infliction of a little wholesome discipline by means of a strap of water as she passed in a bucket of water.

The girl testified that the women laid her down and Mrs. Wilson whipped her with a strap. She was asked if she had been whipped after the uprising on November 8. She said that after the first installment of the whipping was finished, Mrs. Wilson asked her if it would be necessary to repeat the whipping. She replied, "next, twenty-four hours. Grace replied: 'I guess this was whereupon she was promptly whipped again.'

On request of the District Attorney the girl described exactly the position in which she had been placed to receive punishment, illustrating by means of a chair and a strap.

After the second whipping, the girl said that she went back to the library. She was there accused of laughing, and was taken back to her own story, and was then taken back and flogged again. This time the witness testified that she had been laid out flat, while Miss Germaine and Mrs. Henderson held her feet.

Upon cross-examination, the Maroney girl admitted that she had committed the act which led to the punishment of the strap-jacket, which was put on again as soon as she was discovered.

The witness further testified that the hands and feet of the culprits were always introduced into the "cell" they were kept on bread and water. Of all these things she had complained to the sympathetic trustee.

Much of the same story that has already been published was then gone into, but nothing new had been elicited. Mrs. Dora A. Sutherland was the first witness called in the afternoon, and testified that she had been employed as night nurse in the girls' dormitory at Whittier State School.

She had passed the library late Sunday afternoon and heard a commotion. She was proceeding to tell the same story as heretofore published when Mr. Arthur objected to the introduction of matter irrelevant to the battery. Lena was then asked the question of the local election, has excited interest in the career of that typical Lindleyite and elicited from various sources much information concerning him and his intimate connection with the disreputable elements infecting the politics of this county.

It appears that after the Santa Monica city election Knapp concluded that it would be a good scheme to start a gambling place in the town under the protection of the men whose ends he had been serving during the campaign. He broached the subject to some of the city officials, saying that he had the backing of three of the Trustees and would not be interfered with in his operations.

City Marshal Dexter of Santa Monica when asked about the matter yesterday, said it was true that Palmer, alias Knapp, had been in the town. He came to me," said Dexter, "with the remark that he wanted to start gambling here in town. He came to me, and he had a great backing. He said the Southern Pacific, Harvey Lindley and certain others were behind him. He wanted to come to see me nearly every day and his attentions became very annoying. In fact I had a good deal of trouble in keeping away from him. He was a spectacle which he wore he would frequently take off, and would rub his eyes as if there was something the matter with them."

It appears that Knapp wore the colored glasses for purposes of disguise. The fact that he should have attempted to start gambling dens in Santa Monica with the pretense that he had the backing of the punctured wheel of the local election, and was considered in connection with a certain incident at Redondo, when that town was overrun with confidence men, was a show of indignation, replied loudly enough for all to hear: "Lindley; that—can't see me."

RANDSBURO GOLD FIELD.

The Santa Fe sells through tickets to Randsburg via Kramer. Only three hours' stage trip. Particulars at Santa Fe ticket office. No. 20 Spring street.

and went about her duties in the kitchen. Monday night the girl was more restless, but did not appear to be seriously inconvenienced. Tuesday morning when the witness saw her before leaving the school.

The manner of Mrs. Sutherland's dismissal from service was then gone into, the witness stating that Mr. Coffin had discharged her. She had been persuaded rather against her will into taking the position on account of her known opposition to corporal punishment.

Attorney Arthur and the witness then engaged in a little moral discussion as to the best manner of combining mildness with firmness in the training of the girls in the reform school, but after sundry little orations on Christian gentleness from the witness box to the jury, the debate was choked off by Justice Young.

Upon further examination it was developed that the girl he put to bed to the dormitory by the principal, failed to obey, but remained just outside of the reading-room door, taking notes from the witness box to the jury, the debate was choked off by Justice Young.

Mrs. E. R. Threlkeld, the present principal of the girls' department, was the next witness. She stated that she had taken her present position on Wednesday, November 11. That same afternoon she saw Grace Maroney, who told her that she had a pain in her side. As Mrs. Threlkeld was exceedingly busy she deferred examining the girl until the next day, when she was bruised and bathed there with liniment. Thinking that the injuries might be serious, Mrs. Threlkeld called in the resident physician, Dr. Smith, and advised that the girl be put to bed for a day or so, and rubbed with liniment.

Further than this Mrs. Threlkeld knew but little of the workings of the school prior to her own dislocation to use her best judgment in dealing with refractory girls. As yet corporal punishment has not been found necessary. If it ever came to that Mrs. Threlkeld declared that she would quit.

John E. Coffin, superintendent of the Whittier State School, was next called to the stand. The records of the investigation held last summer in the case of Rhoda Webb, and of the consequent resolution of the trustees authorizing corporal punishment were introduced by the District Attorney, and the resolution was read to the jury. This resolution was passed August 19, 1896, and has never been rescinded.

The straps were then shown to Mr. Coffin, who stated that he had never seen either of them. Except from hearsay, he has no knowledge of a local corporal punishment inflicted upon Grace Maroney. Quite a discussion ensued when Mr. Coffin was asked if he had authorized the punishment of Grace Maroney to the degree of severity with which it had been carried out. As it was impossible to give a clear answer to this question without going into a detailed explanation which the District Attorney refused to allow, he contented himself with simply stating that he had not.

In cross-examination, Mr. Arthur proceeded to cover this point by asking Mr. Coffin why he had been sent for during that memorable Sunday afternoon, and what instructions had been given to Mrs. Wilson. Mr. Coffin replied with a concise answer of the riot at the school during which the girls had attacked the housekeeper with their scissors, and Mrs. Wilson had applied to him for permission to quell the insurrection. He had authorized her to use whatever means she thought best to restore order.

Dr. H. A. Smith, the physician of the school, was called, and testified to having examined the girl, and found black and blue bruises upon her. He ordered the application of a local anesthetic. The flesh was not hot, and showed no sign of inflammation. There were certain discolorations, but that was all. The girl was kept in the hospital, and Mrs. Threlkeld put her to bed.

The girl showed no more than the effects of an ordinary good thrashing and the doctor's opinion was distinctly that the girl was shamming through much of her apparent agony of body and soul.

Dr. Smith's testimony closed the case for the prosecution, and court was adjourned until 9:30 this morning.

LINDLEY'S MAN KNAPP.

WANTED PROTECTION FOR GAMBLING IN SANTA MONICA.

Told the City Marshal That the Boss Let Was Backing Him—Significant Incident in Court When a Gambler Was on Trial.

The exposure in The Times of the political rascality and blackmailing propensities of Harry Knapp, alias Palmer, the emissary sent down to Santa Monica by the stuffed bosst of the "Arcade push" to assist the Jones faction in the local election, has excited interest in the career of that typical Lindleyite and elicited from various sources much information concerning him and his intimate connection with the disreputable elements infecting the politics of this county.

It appears that after the Santa Monica city election Knapp concluded that it would be a good scheme to start a gambling place in the town under the protection of the men whose ends he had been serving during the campaign. He broached the subject to some of the city officials, saying that he had the backing of three of the Trustees and would not be interfered with in his operations.

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The Santa Fe sells through tickets to Randsburg via Kramer. Only three hours' stage trip. Particulars at Santa Fe ticket office. No. 20 Spring street.

4

Days more of phenomenal value giving.

Men's Suits, strong wear, and cheap at \$7.50.

4 Days Only Take Your Size

\$4.45

Men's Overcoat, fine black or blue beaver and sold always at \$12.00.

4 Days Only

\$7.50

Men's Suits, all-wool chevrons, Scotch, and cassimere Suits that are made and fit perfect and cheap at \$12.50.

4 Days only

\$9.05

Men's Overcoats, strong and warm, and worth \$8.

4 Days Only

\$5.15

Men's Suits, black or blue chevrons, plain or fancy Scotch, our leader at \$10.00.

4 Days Only

\$7.15

Men's Overcoats, imported English Kersey, lined with clay worsted and Skinner's best satin, sold everywhere for \$15.00.

4 Days Only

\$10.00

Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday,

4 DAYS MORE OF PHENOMENAL VALUE GIVING AT OUR GREAT

CHALLENGE SALE

VALUES

Such as will always hold first place in the memory of the economical seeker of good merchandise as the best and most liberal sale ever made in Los Angeles. To crown this sale of sales, the best and biggest value-givers, we have cut prices still deeper. In fact, for four days, profit and in some cases part cost, shall be taken off of all broken lots on all our new and up-to-date fall and winter stock.

4 DAYS' SPECIAL FURNISHINGS. 4 DAYS' SPECIAL

100 Dozen Sox, black or tan, fast color, worth 15c.

4 DAYS ONLY

5c

Underwear, fleece lined, worth 75c.

4 DAYS ONLY

42c

Suspenders, silk web finish, worth 8c.

4 DAYS ONLY

12c

Underwear, Scotch Random, worth 8c.

4 DAYS ONLY

47c

Woolen Sox, the best, worth 25c.

4 DAYS ONLY

21c

Underwear, natural wool, worth \$1.00.

4 DAYS ONLY

66c

Neckwear, in all silk, and all the new shades, worth 50c.

4 DAYS ONLY

22c

Underwear, Australian lamb's wool, worth \$1.50.

4 DAYS ONLY

84c

Gloves, all tan, extra strong, worth 75c.

4 DAYS ONLY

39c

Shirts, working shirts, worth 75c.

4 DAYS ONLY

43c

Collars, all linen, worth 15c, broken sizes.

4 DAYS ONLY

5c

Shirts, fancy fronts, worth \$1.50.

4 DAYS ONLY

76c

Boys' Suits, in woolen chevrons, fancy reefer styles, worth \$3.50.

4 Days Only

\$2.45

Boys' Suits, in woolen tweed, worth \$3.50.

4 Days Only

\$2.29

Men's Pants, extra strong business wear, and cheap at \$3.50.

4 Days Only

\$2.80

Boys' Suits, in nobby chevrons, new reefer styles, worth \$4.50.

4 Days Only

\$3.15

Boys' Suits, in all-wool Scotch, the noblest and best suit in town for \$6.00.

4 Days Only

\$4.43

Men's Pants, extra fine worsted and Scotch, our regular \$6.50, \$6.00, \$5.50 and \$5.00 kind.

4 Days Only

\$4.15

4

Days more to Save Big Money.

SEE OUR GREAT VALUES IN HATS.

Makers of Low Prices.

BROWNE BROS.

249 SOUTH SPRING ST. 251

SEE OUR BIG MONEY SAVERS IN HATS.

Makers of Low Prices.

4

Days more of Real Snaps.

SCHOOL TEACHERS.

TOPICS DISCUSSED YESTERDAY IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Dr. Mara L. Pratt Talks to the Pedagogues About Physical Conditions of Children.

SESSIONS OF THE SECTIONS.

SUBJECTS OF GENERAL INTEREST TO TEACHERS.

Results of Physical Training Described by Miss Jacobs of the Normal School—County Sections at Work.

The second general session of the City Teachers' Institute was begun yesterday morning at 9 o'clock sharp. After roll-call, the School Masters' Obedience lent a dash of brisk enthusiasm to the proceedings by some well-executed vocal music.

Dr. Mara L. Pratt, the well-known text-book authoress and one of the staff of instructors at Cook County College, Chicago, was then introduced and gave an exhaustive address upon the physical well-being and proper development of school children.

Dr. Pratt dwelt especially upon the physical condition of the child as affecting its ability for mental achievement. She exhorted the teachers to have patience with the little ones under their charge, in case they seem dull or sluggish. This seeming mental idleness may be attributable to many causes other than laziness or stupidity. Improper breathing, due to defective ventilation, or to the habit of mouth breathing, caused by a growth upon the soft palate. The causes may be very simple, but the result upon the brain is even more marked than upon the physical system.

Many instances were cited by the speaker in proof of this, and cases shown in which a timely experiment in changing physical conditions had changed the entire course of a child's mental life. Malnutrition is another potent cause for the lack of mental energy. If a child does not receive proper nourishment, especially in infancy, he may be deficient in brain-power for life. The brain being a most essential part of the body, ample nutrition is necessary for its health and consequent activity, exactly as in the development of muscular power.

A proper condition of the thyroid glands, which secrete the most important food for the brain tissues, was also urged as absolutely essential to healthy mental activity. Many a child is rated as stupid or obstinate, when the correction of some simple physical ailment would remove the whole trouble. Especially is this the case with all troubles of the eyes. The reflex action of eye-straining is felt all over the body. Epilepsy, bronchitis, asthma, palpitation of the heart, and many nervous disorders are directly traceable to a strain upon the eyes, for the reason that the great reservoir of nervous tissue at the base of the brain is too heavily drained by the amount of energy necessary to make up for the extra strain upon the eyes. Dr. Pratt urged with especial warmth, the careful study of this subject by parents and teachers who have the charge of

children whose nervous systems are seemingly out of adjustment, declaring that, if time permitted, she would like to devote the whole morning to eyes alone.

"Some Results of Physical Training" was the title of an address by Sarah J. Jacobs, of the Normal School. Miss Jacobs gave the effect of one year of physical culture upon a class of young girls, first reviewing briefly the history of physical training in American schools.

The average child is normal and well-developed when he begins his school life, but continual bending over a desk is apt to develop a greater or less degree of spinal curvature. The seventh year is usually the beginning of the trouble, which, if unchecked, grows with the growth of the child. Improper seating in school, bad postures in standing, sitting or walking, and malnutrition, are directly responsible for most physical ills attendant upon school life.

Miss Jacobs then gave the best means of correcting the condition of things, by proper exercise of the muscles and respiratory organs, illustrating her remarks with a chart which showed the development of her sample class during the year of training, which was described by the speaker. The method employed was the Swedish system of gymnastics, a little apparatus being used either in school or home exercise. Changes in height, weight, lung capacity and total strength were carefully noted, showing a steady gain under the system of physical training employed.

In citing individual cases, only one was found to be unsatisfactory. This was a girl who had been used to a tree, outdoor life in the country, and who pined away under the close confinement of the school, and the large amount of mental work which was undertaken.

In relation to the prevailing belief that the warm climate of Southern California is enervating, and disinclines the student to either physical or mental exertion, Miss Jacobs read statistics which proved quite the contrary, as Los Angeles school girls were shown to measure favorably in all tests and measurements with the students at Oberlin and Wellesley colleges.

Intermission was then declared, and the usual hour of luncheon was observed. Miss Hutchison read a paper on "Drawing," giving some of the laws of design. She gave teachers some very useful suggestions and insisted that in order to get good results from pupils it was necessary for the teachers to have suitable preparation.

The first period of this session, section six listened to a paper on "The Use of Music in the Schoolroom," by Mrs. M. E. Gordon. Speaking of "time" in music, she said that regular time is more difficult to acquire than tune, and time the most desirable, most difficult and most essential requisite in music. It must be secured through a feeling for regularly recurring accent guided by a visible pendulum, because the pendulum is infallible.

The section then met with section five and listened to a paper on "Supplementary Geography," by J. F. Chamberlain, after which both sections met with others to hear Miss Scott's talk on "Brazil."

In section five, the work immediately after lunch was a discussion on the ever-present subject of "Arithmetic," followed by J. B. Millard, followed by others.

In section four, Superintendent J. A. Fosbury gave a very instructive talk on the subject of "Imagination." He said, in part, that in comparing the city boys and the country boys, we find that the boys from the rural schools rule the world, 81 per cent. of our successful business men coming from the country. The reason was to be found in two facts: one, that the country boy is kept busy most of the time, and the other being that when not busy he is to be found reading something, generally something good. In our schools we should teach more and better reading. The teacher should teach the pupil to read, instead of hearing him read, and should make the road to good reading as easy and pleasant as possible, for the boy who loves to read has the gateway to knowledge and culture open before him.

Miss Hutchison read a paper on "Drawing," giving some of the laws of design. She gave teachers some very useful suggestions and insisted that in order to get good results from pupils it was necessary for the teachers to have suitable preparation.

In section three, Mr. Rohde gave a practical talk on "Physical Culture." This was followed with an interesting paper on "Manners and Morals," by Miss Alice Reeves, who dwelt upon the point that if any great progress is made along the line of morals, the teachers' work must not only be incidental, but purposed as well. Still it is not always necessary to taper the stories to the moral point, but let the children find that for themselves. Let the minds of the children be so filled with thoughts of good that evil will be crowded out.

In section two, T. H. Kirk gave an address on "Child Study and Development." In speaking of the obstacles to be met by one who attempted child study, he mentioned the tendency of the child to jump at conclusions before sufficient evidence has been obtained. One must be willing to encounter many discouragements and failures in his search for the key to the child's nature, but the sure way is by looking back into our own childhood, calling up again our childish ideas and fancies

and thus trying to put ourselves in the child's place.

Miss Leora Maris opened the discussion "Reading and Language," being followed by a number of other teachers.

Charles R. Skinner, of New York, president of the National Educational Association, is expected to be present tomorrow.

HIGH SCHOOL SECTION.

All the High School teachers, both of the city and country, met together in this section. The work of the forenoon was along the lines of science teaching, and was begun with a paper on "Biology," by Ernest Hoag of Troop, followed by a talk on the same subject by Mr. Setchel, professor of botany in the State University, and also by Miss Monks of the Los Angeles State Normal, who said that the method they had long been using in the State Normal, that of beginning with the cell and working up to the higher forms, she was now convinced was radically wrong, but that it was better to begin with those forms more easily seen and examined, and proceed downward by way of analysis.

After a brief intermission, George L. Leslie opened the subject of physics. He said that this was one of the most difficult branches of science for the pupil, and that he would make the beginning work severely mathematical in order that the pupil may learn not to shirk the difficult problems. Speaking of apparatus, he said that the teacher should not be expected to spend his hours outside of the recitation in tinkering up cheap and deficient apparatus. O. F. Barth followed, saying the lessons in physics should be assigned, not as so many pages of text-book, but by subjects or topics, illustrated by experiments, and these often repeated that the hand may be taught to emphasize the impressions made on the mind.

In closing the discussion C. T. Meredith dwelt on the necessity of good apparatus, otherwise the pupil cannot get results that agree with the text-book and will thus be led astray. Prof. John Dickinson was called for and responded briefly, saying that nature was the great text-book and laboratory for teacher and pupil.

In the afternoon session, the two extremes of the teaching force, the High School teachers and the kindergarten teachers, met together and listened to an exercise equally interesting to all, it being answers to the "question box" by Elizabeth Harrison of Chicago, her name being familiar to kindergarten and primary teachers all over the country. The questions represented the actual practical needs of the school room in its daily work, and the answers were those that the teacher could take with her when she goes back to her work next Monday morning.

The last period of this session, sections four, five and six, met with the High School teachers to listen to a talk on "Brazil," by Miss Margaret Scott, a former teacher in the Los Angeles schools, who has been teaching in the State of San Paulo, Brazil, for some years. She gave a very interesting sketch of that country, first briefly glancing at the fall of the empire and the establishment of the republic. The people of Brazil are much in advance of the European Portuguese in appearance, sensibility and progressiveness. The government is becoming thoroughly awake on the subject of education, and in the city of San Paulo they have just completed and started a magnificent State Normal School with all the most modern appliances. This is a very encouraging country for the teacher on account of the splendid results that result from the work accomplished in a short time. After the conclusion of her talk the keen interest she had aroused was evidenced by the questions the teachers had to ask. They seemed as eager as so many children to get some further information on the subject. Miss Scott had some very in-

teresting curios and pictures which were examined with great interest.

County Institute.

The five sections of the County Institute held sessions during the day, for the reading of papers followed by general discussion of the subject matter treated in each case.

In the forenoon section one listened to papers on "Early Geography," by Mrs. C. P. Bradford. The afternoon was devoted to papers on "Nature by J. W. Linscott, and "Drawing," by Study-First and Second Year," by Mara L. Pratt, and "Vertical Writing," by E. K. Isaacs.

Section three at the morning session heard and discussed Mrs. C. P. Bradford's paper on "Drawing" and T. H. Kirk's on "Numbers—Third and Fourth Years." In the afternoon E. K. Isaacs read his paper on "Vertical Writing." He was followed by Mara L. Pratt on "Child Study."

Section three in the forenoon heard T. H. Kirk on "Language," and Juliet P. Rice on "Music." In the afternoon J. W. Linscott on "Reading," and T. H. Kirk on "Moral and Manners." J. A. Guttry read a paper on "Essentials in Arithmetic," and E. K. Isaacs read one on "Vertical Writing," at the forenoon session of section five. In the afternoon H. H. McCutchan discussed "Book-keeping," and Juliet P. Rice, "Music."

The forenoon session of section five was occupied with the reading and discussion of Ernest Hoag's paper on "Biology," and George P. Leslie's paper on "Physics." At the afternoon session W. W. Hallmann read a paper on "Methods of Teaching," and was followed by Walter E. Magee on "Physical Culture."

GOOD FRIENDS

Keep the Heart of Humanity Warm.

The following extract from a letter may be published without a breach of courtesy, as it refers to a matter which will interest some readers of Postum, the health coffee: The adoption of Postum, the health coffee:

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.
Postum Cereal Co. Limited, Battle Creek, Mich.—Gentlemen: I am pleased with the sale and the great text-book and laboratory for teacher and pupil. I did not wish to venture out on this article, as I had no faith in it when first shown me. To my surprise the first case sold readily, and a little estimate shows a sale of 450 packages in sixty-seven days. I am using it in my own home with perfect satisfaction. Since the use of Postum in place of coffee, neither wife nor myself have the old heart burn. Please find enclosed, etc., etc., etc.

MARTIN C. GOOSEN.

A reliable grocer will never offer a cheap or weak imitation of a genuine original article because he happens to make a little extra profit. But it is well to observe that when genuine Postum Cereal coffee is ordered, that you get Postum and not a spurious imitation offered as "just as good."

Los Angeles
Incorporators and
Brokers
Are the best. See them
before buying
POULTICE, SUPPLIES,
Bone Cutters, Alifala
Cuttlers, Bone Cutters,
Spray Pumps, Capillary
Sets, Drinking Foun-
tains, Catalogue free.
JOHN D. MERRICK, 117 E. Second St.

Dr. A. J. Shores
CURES CATARRH
And all Chronic Diseases
For \$5 per month.
Medicines free. Consultation Free.
Cor. 1st & Brd'wy.

Chafing Dish Cooks

will find in COTTOLENE the ideal frying medium. It looks clean and is clean and does not sputter in the pan. Food fried in Cottolene is free from greasiness and richness. It is appetizing in appearance, delicious to taste and healthful to eat. Then there is the added consideration of lower cost. 2/3 of Cottolene does the work of 3/4 lard or butter.

THE M. N. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
St. Louis, Chicago, Montreal, San Francisco.



DR. TALCOTT & CO.

The Only Specialists in Southern California for Every Form of Weakness and

Diseases of Men Only

We treat absolutely nothing else and we know we can cure, so We Never Ask for a Dollar Until Cure is Effected. No charge for Consultation or advice. If you can't call, write. Cor. Third and Main Streets, over Wells Fargo's. Private entrance on Third St.

BANNING COMPANY.

COAL. COAL. COAL. COAL.
Just received several thousand tons selected S. F. Wellington Coal, and are selling at lowest market price. Stock up for the winter.
TELEPHONE, MAIN 36. 222 SOUTH SPRING STREET



Do not waste cast-off clothing. "Economy is the road to wealth." It enables those already wealthy to help the destitute. Save from moth and mold your old, partially-worn clothing, children's clothing, or any garment that can be made over into children's clothing. Anything of this description left at the Times business office will be useful in supplying those much in need. No matter how small the amount you have, or how badly worn, it will be useful to those who have no money to buy new. If convenient, send in the articles you have, get them ready, notify us, and they will be called for.

Santa Claus reception at N. Strauss & Co., Nos. 425 and 427 South Spring street, will take place Saturday afternoon, December 5, at 3 o'clock. All the children are invited to welcome him at that hour.

Bring the children Saturday afternoon to see Santa Claus. His reception takes place at 3 o'clock at N. Strauss & Co., Nos. 425 and 427 South Spring street.

Attend the auction sale of fine furniture this morning at 10 o'clock at No. 2311 South Main street, near Twenty-fifth, C. M. St. John, auctioneer.

If you want real novelties to send East, you will find them among Campbell's Mexican and California curios, No. 325 South Spring street.

The Natick collection cannot be duplicated in the city for 25 cents; twenty-one meals, \$4.50. No. 110 West First street.

Mexican wares and hand-carved leather. Campbell's Curio Store, No. 325 South Spring street.

Holiday goods, Campbell's Curio store. See L. Minnie Wells, 715 South Main.

The football teams of the High School and St. Vincent's will play this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at Athletic Park.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union office, 100 South Main street.

Miss Margaret, Mrs. Winston, Elizabeth Hughes and Miss Ora L. Thompson.

Detective Steele, who went to San Francisco a few days ago to bring back L. J. Laird, Jr., wanted here on a charge of forgery, returned yesterday afternoon with his man.

The young lady, Immanuel Presbyterian Church will meet this afternoon at the residence of Mrs. W. J. Chichester, No. 614 Burlington ave., to complete preparations for the bazaar to be held on Friday and Saturday of this week.

Manuel Cohen, who is employed at a South Spring street saloon, was stricken with paralysis last night and his entire right side was affected. He was taken to the Receiving Hospital in a hack, where he was attended by Dr. Bryant.

T. Robinson, who is believed to be slightly demented, walked into police headquarters with a friend last evening and asked to have him locked up. Clerk Henry locked him up, and instead of him he will be held pending an investigation as to his sanity.

PERSONALS.

E. C. Love of Riverside is at the Westminster.

Miss Kurtz has returned home from a trip abroad.

Chester C. Ashley, No. 731 West Washington street, leaves today for Chippewa Falls, Mass.

H. Edward Mills of Pittsburgh, and J. L. Read of Indianapolis, who were the eastern arrivals at the Nadeau Hotel.

J. W. McClymonds, an educational official of Oakland, is in the city to attend the meeting of the State Teachers' Association.

Prof. Earl Barnes of Stanford University and Prof. Barnard Moses of the State University are staying at the Westminster.

Miss Cuddey and the Misses Agnes and Clara Cuddey, daughter, of the Chicago packer of that name, are visiting in the city.

Dr. J. C. Michener of South Grand avenue has moved to his former residence, Gray Gables, Corner Seventh and Hill streets.

Among the arrivals at the Hollenbeck are T. W. Lewis, Dayton, O.; G. F. Getty, Minneapolis; W. J. Pollard, Augusta, Ga.; and F. E. Sharkey, New York.

H. E. Eade, Boston, Mass.; R. C. Cunningham, Chicago; D. S. Faulkner and family, Shelby, O.; Mrs. A. Phillips and C. Brent, Chicago, are at the Natick.

J. A. Cummings, Albany; J. A. Walker and wife and Charles Walker, Ventura; J. S. Antonelli, San Francisco; Mrs. E. W. Sullivan, Santa Fe; Miss S. Ekberger, New York, are registered at the Hotel Baltimore.

P. L. Lovelace and wife, Austin, Tex.; David Davis, St. Paul, Minn.; Mrs. W. B. Waters and daughter, Chicago; Mrs. Holcomb and family, San Francisco; Mrs. A. C. Haugh and daughter, F. S. Atkinson, Minneapolis; Minnie, William Brooker and family, John Decker, Cleveland, O.; Dr. J. W. Freeman, H. J. Purley, Chicago; L. E. R. Leonard, Redlands; A. J. Sherman and family, Mrs. Kate Setzer, Chicago; F. Rotser, Ventura, are at the Hotel Ramona.

CRUSHED UNDER WHEELS.

Everett Gilhouse killed on the Terminus Railroad.

Everett Gilhouse, a boy 11 years old, died at the Receiving Hospital soon after 9 o'clock last night from the effects of injuries received earlier in the day at Workman Station on the Terminus railroad.

The lad lived just across from the depot. About 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon the train from the beach arrived at the station and Everett went to the depot. The engine of the passenger train was uncoupled and sent on to a siding to switch some gravel cars.

Everett ran over to the cars, and as they passed by jumped toward the last but one. He missed the hand rail and fell under the wheels. An agonized cry went up and the passenger train stopped.

Police Clerk Gridley and Officer Baker of this city, rushed to the scene.

The boy was lying beside the track and when the people bent over him, it was found that both his legs had been badly crushed. The injured boy was still conscious, and to Clerk Gridley, who supported his head while the trainmen bandaged his legs, said: "God save me, I am going to die, and I want to see my mother and papa."

Tears came to the eyes of those around as it was evident that he had spoken the truth.

Word was sent to his parents and he was placed in the baggage-car of the train and brought to this city. The news of the accident had been telegraphed ahead, and when the train reached the depot the patrol wagon was in waiting. Everett was placed in it and conveyed to the Receiving Hospital, reaching there about 5:30 o'clock.

Drs. Bryant and Hitt and two other physicians made an examination and announced that the boy's injuries would probably prove fatal. He did not lose consciousness and talked to those around him. At 9:30 o'clock the end came. The body was removed to Kregg & Brame's, where an inquest will be held today.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

ON POLITICAL EDUCATION.

Judge Shaw Preaches Practical Politics for Good Citizens.

Judge Lucien Shaw made an interesting address on "The Importance of Political Education" at the rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association last night.

After defining the word "politics" in its usual broad acceptance, he stated that it was his purpose to treat the subject more especially with reference to individual action and duty. Continuing, he said:

"The corner-stone of all civilized government whatever is its form must always be the well-deserved confidence of its people in the governing power. It is a self-evident proposition that, whatever the form of the government, the best results can be obtained only when the people who have this power, who in fact constitute the government, are in the highest sense, be they many or few, are in fact, and are generally believed to be, the most competent persons to execute the powers thus conferred upon them. It is necessary to the continuance of this government that this condition of affairs be the rule."

It is the duty of every citizen to take a hand in politics, in practical, every-day politics. Not exclusively, nor chiefly, on the hustings or the stump, or in the newspapers, but in the living knowledge of the government, in the actual causing, laying plans with his neighbors and voting. It is organization that wins. Men who are in politics for a living know how to organize and can control the primaries of their precinct against any number of the better class of citizens who simply intend good government and pure politics, but are without definite plans and act without concert.

To content ourselves with simply denouncing the professional politician's action and the result of it as a "slate," a "combine," as the work of the "push," is weak and puerile and a plain neglect of duty. In war the defense against a mine is a countermine. So in practical politics, as political warfare, the remedy for a slate made by the bad citizen is a slate made by the good citizens. The great want in all this kind of preliminary work is disinterestedness and goodness of purpose. The public will always be quick to follow a leader whom it believes to be actuated by unselfish motives.

"If we would do our duty as citizens, if we would preserve our form of government, if we would carry this nation safely through the perils arising from want of money, from an over-crowded population, from competition in labor, from discontent, from the influx of foreigners unused to self-government, we must study the science of politics, we must obtain a political education, we must practice the arts of the politician, the good must learn to combine against the bad, and we must become skilled in all the methods of managing political parties."

"Whereas, in the national political campaign just passed, the fidelity of the old soldiers to the Republican party was the strongest hope of the nation; that in the recent county election the success of the Republican candidates was secured by the Union soldiers' votes, therefore, be it

"Resolved, that in the pending city campaign, we again declare our purpose to stand by the nominees of the party that truly represents loyalty to the flag and country; that only upon the Republican city ticket are representatives in the city; Union veterans; therefore, be it

"Resolved, that this organization, which is made up entirely of ex-Union soldiers and sailors, pledges itself to use every honorable means within its power to secure the success of the Republican city ticket at the coming election."

The regular monthly meeting of the Southern Section of the Southern California Academy of Sciences, was held last night at the residence of J. D. Hooker, on West Adams street. The subject for the evening was "The Present Opposition of the Planet Mars," which was illustrated and explained with diagrams and drawings. Among other maps was one representing Prof. Percival Lowell's canal system of Mars.

The Mohammedan year is lunar. The civil months of the Mohammedan are adopted to the lunar months by the cycle of thirty years, in which nineteen have 354 days and eleven have 355.

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BIRTH RECORD.

HILLERY—At No. 329 W. Thirty-first street, city, to Mrs. Carl S. Hillery, a son.

DEATH RECORD.

MOYA—At No. 434 Towne avenue, November 22, 1896, Lottie M., dearly beloved and oldest daughter of Francisco and Francisca Moya, and sister of Rosendo Moya, Mrs. H. A. Oyer, Maria A., Lenora A., Mercedes M., and Julius E. Moya, a native of California, aged 30 years 5 months 21 days. (Stockton papers please copy.)

SUTTON—In this city, November 30, 1896, James Sutton. (San Luis Obispo papers please copy.)

PAFTWICK—In this city, November 29, 1896, Edwin Pafwick, a native of Canada, aged 56 years.

FUNERAL Wednesday, December 2, at 10 a.m., from Kregg & Brame's, Broadway and

CUNNINGHAM—In this city, November 29, Carrie B., beloved wife of W. S. Cunningham and mother of Robert, Bert and Edwin Cunningham, a native of Ohio, aged 43 years. (Salt Lake City papers please copy.)

C. D. HOWRY

Having made the art of embalming a special study for a number of years, has attained that proficiency which enables him to successfully embalm all subjects entrusted to his care and skill.

CANDY. The finest home chocolates and plain creams, 25c. Hicks, 206 S. Broadway.

The King of Pills is Beecham's—BEECHAM.

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THE GREATER PEOPLE'S STORE.

The praises that go ringing down our aisles every day say that never before has the town known such wonderful bargains—Wraps, Silks and Dress Goods at such wonderfully low prices—as the "Greater People's Store" is loaded with. For every minute spent here you can save a penny.

Silk Surprises

Many entirely new and swell designs at less than our usual little prices. Shown as they are for the first time, they will be greatly appreciated.

Broadened India Silks at 50c. Also Taffetas in all the new colorings. Also the very finest grades that sell regularly for 75c to 1.00 the yard.

Striped Taffeta Silks, 65c. Also a rich line of Broadened Taffetas in the very newest color contrasts. These can't be duplicated for 75c to 90c the yard.

Figured Brilliantines, 25c. In the striking new patterns. An elegant new line that you could not duplicate for 35c in any store in the town.

English Tailor Serge, 50c. Full 32 inches broad, finest wool and richest blue. A genuine 75c quality.

Ladies' changeable silk shirtwaists, made with yoke and full sleeves. The makers lost money by the deal; they generally do when we go bargain hunting for customers. —bargains—bargains.

Serge Broche, 35c. Of wool, Bouclé, full sweep, and good quality; good enough to 50c the yard goods. You'll say the same if you see it.

Navy Storm Serge, 35c. 45 inches broad and every thread pure wool. Rich blue and actually worth 50c yard.

Ladies' Bouclé Capes, \$3.50. Of wool, Bouclé, full sweep, and good quality; good enough to 50c the yard goods. You'll say the same if you see it.

Ladies' Skirts, \$2.50. Made of figured Brilliantine, well lined, and finished with velvet; seven good worth \$3.50.

English Coney Capes, \$5.00. Full sweep, wool, and made high collar, and a very nobby \$7.50 cape.

Ladies' Suits, \$5.95. Made of brown, cardinal and green wool mixtures. Box coat style, with large buttons. Full lined skirt. Suit worth \$9.00.

Double fold, neat and desirable patterns and colors. These should sell for 30c yard.

German Flannels, 15c. For wrappers. New and elegant patterns. Heavy weight, soft and firm. Worth 20c yard.

Here is the most complete and the fullest stock we know of. We offer special inducements to those fitting up hotels and the like. Special worths for all.

Carving Sets, \$2.00. "Perfect Carvers," with Buckhorn handles, scimitar blade and German silver bolsters.

Salt, Pepper Shakers, 25c. Made of bisque with silver-plated tops. Daintily hand painted, and worth 50c each.

Salad Fork or Spoon, \$2.25. Silver-plated Rogers Bros make, with satin-gold bowl in plush-lined box. Really worth \$3.00.

Bon Bon Boxes, \$3.50. Made of bisque and hand painted; satin lined and beautifully scented. Very elegant.

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